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The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By the APRIL PACKET, *arrived at* NEW-YORK *from* FALMOUTH, *we have the following* ADVICES, *viz.*

LONDON, March 19.

THE memories of our preſent worthy Lord Mayor, and of Aldermen Oliver and Wilkes, will be ever revered by the Citizens of London, for the noble ſpirit they have ſhewn in defending their rights and privileges. The Lord Mayor declared on Friday, that he conſidered himſelf as the Protector of every Freeman of this City; that it was to him they were to apply for protection, when an attempt was made to reſtrain them of their liberty, without a warrant ſigned by a Magiſtrate of the ſaid City; and that while he remained in his office, they ſhould conſtantly on ſuch application meet with protection, though at the hazard of his life, fortune, and every thing that was dear to him.

Yeſterday a Gentleman uſed the following expreſſion in a public company: "I hope the Gentlemen will now exert themſelves with more vigour than ever, and deviſe a ſuitable puniſhment for the man who has put ſo flagrant an inſult on the whole room, as to declare publickly thoſe perſons (meaning the Printers) innocent, againſt whom a proclamation had been moved for."

A great number of Strangers are obſerved to attend the Coffee-Houſes and genteel Public-Houſes in all parts of the town, ſuppoſed to be employed to liſten to, and report the converſation of the People relative to ſome late tranſactions.

The D--- of G------ lately, on reading the news-papers, ſaid to a very Great Perſonage, "Why, this frolic of O--'s has occaſioned much diverſion to the people." "Yes," anſwered a great and amiable Lady," "but who is to pay the piper?"

March 23. A Gentleman, given to that ſpecies of wit called punning, ſpeaking of the preſent diſpute reſpecting the King of the City, ſaid, he always thought that *Braſs* was made current by proclamation, but he now found that proclamation had no effect on *Braſs*.

A great Law Officer, in the debate on Wedneſday laſt in a great Aſſembly ſaid, "Whether the Proclamation be legal or not, I ſhall not now ſay; I have never given that queſtion any diſcuſſion. I hope that Proclamation will never come here; the Courts of Law are the proper places to determine that queſtion; and not the Houſe of Commons. I hope the legality of Proclamation, reſpecting the Crown, will never come to be diſcuſſed any where. As to the affair of Mr. Twyne Carpenter, that the honourable Gentleman has mentioned, I am againſt giving any ſupport to him: As I underſtand it, the man is Mr. Wheble's Devil. Wheble was arreſted by his own Devil; he was diſcharged out of the illegal arreſt of this Devil; the Devil was bound to anſwer; whether Printer beats Devil, or Devil beats Printer, is of no conſequence; there may be the Devil to do; there will be the Devil to pay; if the Devil has had the reward that was advertiſed, the Devil has fairly outwitted the noble Lord near me; whether he has or not, I do not know, but I hope this Houſe will have nothing to do with him.

March 26. *A Correſpondent tells us, "that he heard Mr. Alderman Wilkes declare, that the* eraſing a Record *in a late judicial proceſs, would be entirely ineffectual, for that he himſelf poſſeſſed a true copy of the Minute Book kept at the Manſion-houſe, actually atteſted by* James Morgan, the Lord Mayor's Clerk. *The* eraſement *has been made, but the copy Mr. Wilkes has in his own cuſtody."*

A worthy Member in oppoſition, ironically adviſed the Miniſtry, if Mr. Wilkes did not attend their ſummons this day---to iſſue a proclamation for him.

Mr. B---e ſays, that the H----, in raiſing the preſent flame in the city, had "unſheathed a ſword to ſtab themſelves thro' the heart."

The Public will obſerve, that the Houſe of Commons has an abſolute authority over their own Members. *The Lord Mayor, as Member for Honiton, could not, therefore, refuſe attending* in his place, *as ordered. When he laſt attended, he reſted his defence* (without making the leaſt ſubmiſſion) *on the juſtice of his actions. Had the Lord Mayor not been a Member of the Houſe of Commons, he, undoubtedly, would have paid no kind of attention to their order.*

We are informed, that when Mrs. Macauly, the celebrated Hiſtorian, was informed of the proceedings of the Lord Mayor and Aldermen, reſpecting the printers and meſſenger of the Houſe of Commons, ſhe applauded their conduct, and declared that they had proved themſelves real guardians of the citizens, and juſtifiable defenders of the Liberty of the ſubject.

A perſon had the audacity on Monday laſt to give Mr. Alderman Oliver (that reſpectable magiſtrate of the city of London) the infamous appellation of aſſaſſin; which being reported by one who was no friend to the Alderman, who was abſent at the time of the word being uſed, Mr. Oliver returned, and inſiſted upon the aſſertion being contradicted by the author, or that their virtue ſhould be put to the trial. The manly preſence of the injured Alderman had ſuch an effect upon this young proficient in the ſchool of inſolence, that he immediately thought proper, with an alacrity equal to his meanneſs, to eat his words.

This morning a number of Gentlemen of rank and fortune, waited upon the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, at the Manſion-houſe, to converſe with his Lordſhip, relative to ſome proceedings yeſterday.

March 28. *It was moved and ſeconded, that the diſcharging J. Miller, Printer of the London Evening, out of the cuſtody of the Meſſenger, was a breach of Privilege.*

Sir Geo. Saville moved the previous queſtion; a long debate enſued; at length the Houſe divided on the previous queſtion; 272 *againſt, and* 90 *for it.*

The Lord Mayor reſted his defence entirely on the rectitude of his actions, and being very ill, had leave to go home at half paſt ten.

The main queſtion was then put and carried.

Between twelve and one the Houſe proceeded againſt Mr. Oliver.

It was moved and ſeconded, that Mr. Oliver having ſigned the warrant of commitment of the Meſſenger, was guilty of a high breach of privilege, and that for his ſaid offence he be committed to the Tower. A debate enſued. Col. Barre moved to adjourn. This was debated; and many perſons were for it, in order to avoid too violent meaſures. At length the Houſe divided upon the queſtion to adjourn; 97 *were for it, and* 214 *againſt it.*

Col. Barre then ſaid, if the Miniſtry were determined to proceed againſt all -----, *he would not be a witneſs of their tranſactions, and directly went out; as did alſo Mr. Serjeant Glynn, Mr. Dunning, and many more.*

Mr. Oliver ſaid, he ſaw his fate was determined, and armed in his own innocence, and a ſtrong ſenſe of his duty, he defied their utmoſt malice.

Lord N---- begged he would make ſome apology, ---- *any apology he ſaid would be received.*

Sir John Griffin moved an amendment to leave out the words Committed to the Tower, *and inſert,* Reprimanded in his place.

Here thoſe Gentlemen who thought Mr. Oliver had done right, were obliged to go away, as if they voted againſt the commitment, they admitted the reprimand.

Lord N---- moved, in which he was ſeconded by J. Dyſon, Eſq; to poſtpone the order for Mr. Wilkes's attendance till Monday next, and it was agreed to.

Mr. Alderman Townſend was in the Houſe on Monday, tho' extremely ill, and ſupported himſelf with his uſual firmneſs. Mr. Sawbridge and he declared, that had their ſituation been the ſame with that of the Mayor, they would have acted in the ſame manner.

Col. B. ſaid on Monday night, to ſome Gentlemen who oppoſed him, that he would ſpeak with a dagger, tho' he could not run it through their hearts.

Yeſterday Earl Temple, and ſeveral Noblemen, &c. viſited the Lord Mayor. The Manſion-Houſe was crowded all day with Gentlemen

The Lord Mayor received a letter yeſterday from Honiton, expreſſing the higheſt approbation of his conduct; and aſſuring him, that his Conſtituents are determined to exert themſelves to the utmoſt to re-elect him, in caſe of expulſion.

Yeſterday Serjeant Glynn paid a viſit to the Lord Mayor at the Manſion-Houſe; after which he went to the Tower, to ſee Mr. Alderman Oliver.

The patriotic Lady of a certain Alderman declared, in public company, on Monday laſt, that ſhe would ſooner follow her huſband to the grave, than ſee him crouch to the preſent Miniſtry.

The Common-Council met yeſterday, and reſolved, without any diviſion: 1. *That the Lord Mayor be deſired to call a Common-Hall on the* 11*th of April.* 2. *That a table be kept for Mr. Alderman Oliver in the Tower, at the expence of the City. The ſecond reſolution was moved by Mr. Alderman Kirkman. And Mr. Alderman Roſſiter was the only perſon who ſpoke againſt it. He wanted to know the number of diſhes, the expence, and ſo on; but found his words received with ſuch diſguſt and contempt, that he took ſhame to himſelf, and ſat down.*

On Tueſday night, about ten o'clock, a man went to the Manſion Houſe, and being admitted, aſked if his Lordſhip went to the Houſe the next day. When he was anſwered in the affirmative, he ſaid he came from the fields, and that he belonged to a large body, who were ready to aſſiſt his Lordſhip if it was required: He was then aſked what fields? he replied Spital-fields. Being told that the Lord Mayor did not mean to encourage a mob; and being urged not to attempt any thing of that kind, he went away ſeemingly diſſatisfied, ſaying, that they would, notwithſtanding, wait on his Lordſhip, and ſee that no violence ſhould be offered him.

Yeſterday morning many Perſons of Diſtinction viſited the Lord Mayor at the Manſion Houſe, expreſſed the warmeſt approbation of his Lordſhip's conduct, and aſſured him they would be ready to ſupport him, even at the hazard of their lives and fortunes. They afterwards paid a viſit to Mr. Oliver in the Tower.

Sir Robert Ladbroke was very much againſt ſending Mr. Alderman Oliver to the Tower, and was on the ſide of acquitting both him and the Lord Mayor, and did not leave the Houſe till near two o'clock, and then divided in the Minority.

From Mr. Alderman Kirkman's behaviour in the cauſe of Liberty, it is ſaid, that the Livery intend to elect him Sheriff for the year enſuing; and that Mr. Alderman Townſend, and Mr. Alderman Sawbridge, will be returned to the Court of Aldermen for their approbation as Lord Mayor of this City.

A moderate man preſumes not to enter into a diſcuſſion of the privileges of a Great Aſſembly, but confidently aſſerts the City Magiſtrates could not in a late caſe act otherwiſe than they had done, as if they had, they muſt certainly have been forſworn.

Mr. Alderman Oliver is confined in the ſame apartments as Mr. Wilkes was when in the Tower.

Orders were on Tueſday night ſent to the Tower, for the ordinary evening guard to be doubled, and the ſame circumſpection to be uſed as was on a ſimilar occaſion.

When the Lord Mayor attended yeſterday in his place, there were about 400 Members in the Houſe.

It is ſaid that the Lord Mayor was urged by ſome Gentlemen of the Majority to make a conceſſion; and inſtead of ſending him to the Tower, would have had him taken in cuſtody of the Serjeant at Arms; but it is reported that his Lordſhip declined the offer.

The Lord Mayor was attended by a great number of Gentlemen, ſeveral Aldermen, and Common Council-men, from the Manſion-houſe to the Tower. We hear his Lordſhip's apartment is contiguous to that of Mr. Oliver.

This morning the croud of people was very great on Tower-hill, on which account the gate of the Tower was ordered to be ſhut.

Coaches are continually driving to the Tower with viſitants to the two patriotic priſoners.

An enquiry we are informed will be made into the cauſe of the mobs that yeſterday blocked up the avenues, and inſulted the Members.

The Conſtables were ordered to attend again this day.

This morning Col. Barre, and divers patriotic Members, of both Houſes viſited the Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver in the Tower.

A Gentleman obſerved to Mr. Alderman Oliver, that by his ſuffering himſelf to be ſent to the Tower, he had broken the promiſe which he made to the Livery at his election, "*that he would not accept of any honours from the preſent or any other Adminiſtration*;" and aſked him how he could vindicate himſelf. The Alderman replied, the Miniſtry were ſo very preſſing, that he could not poſſibly refuſe them.

This day a Court of Common Council was held at Guildhall, Alderman Trecothick Locum Tenens, to hear the determination of the Houſe of Commons, reſpecting the Lord Mayor.

At the above Court the Members voted an elegant table to be kept for the Lord Mayor, during his reſidence in the Tower.

Conſiderable betts are laid in the City, that the Lord Mayor, and Mr. Alderman Oliver, will be diſcharged from the Tower on or before Saturday.

It is ſaid, that at a conference which Mr. Alderman Oliver had with the Lord Mayor, immediately previous to the commitment of the Meſſenger, he forewarned his Lordſhip, that altho' they were proceeding to act in their offices as became Magiſtrates ſworn to execute and preſerve the laws, the emiſſaries of the Miniſtry were known to have predicted the conſequences. "I ſhall be impriſoned, ſays the Alderman, and you will be expelled; my ſentence I am ready to undergo." And the Lord Mayor ſaid, "I am ready to undergo mine."

March 30. *In contradiction to the report of Lord North's being about to reſign, his Lordſhip declared in a great Aſſembly on Wedneſday, that he took that opportunity to ſay he knew nothing of it. That nothing but the Mob, or the King, ſhould turn him out. That though he was ready, and wiſhed to give up his place, yet this was not a time to reſign. That he had very narrowly eſcaped being demoliſhed in coming to the Houſe. He thanked Sir William Meredith, who had reſcued him from the fury of the People---and* burſt into tears.

The Lord Mayor, at his two former attendances, having fully juſtified his conduct, contented himſelf on Wedneſday with only ſaying, as we are informed, nearly the following words:

"Mr. Speaker,

"An honourable Gentleman has talked of the lenity to be ſhewn me on account of my health, and my being only committed to the cuſtody of the Serjeant at Arms. I thank God that my health is better than it has been for ſome time paſt. I know that I was prejudged on Monday, and that the ſtring of reſolutions and warrants is now in the Gentleman's pocket. I aſk no favour of this Houſe. I crave no mercy from the Treaſury Bench. I am ready to go to my noble friend at the Tower, if the Houſe ſhall order me. My conſcience is clear, and tells me that I have kept my oath, and done my duty to the City, of which I have the honour to be Chief Magiſtrate, and to my Country. I will never betray the privileges of the Citizens, nor the rights of the People. I have no apology to make for having acted uprightly, and I fear not any reſentment in conſequence of ſuch conduct. I will through life continue to obey the dictates of honour and conſcience, to give my utmoſt ſupport to every part of the conſtitution of this kingdom, and the event I ſhall always leave to heaven, at all times ready to meet my fate."

The following is an exact copy of the warrant of commitment, by which Mr. Alderman Oliver is now detained in the Tower.

"Whereas the Houſe of Commons have this day adjudged, that Richard Oliver, Eſq; a Member of this Houſe, having ſigned a warrant for the commitment of the Meſſenger of the Houſe, for having executed the warrant of the Speaker, iſſued under an order of the Houſe, and having held the ſaid Meſſenger to bail, is guilty of a breach of the privilege of the Houſe: And whereas the ſaid Houſe hath this day ordered the ſaid Richard Oliver, Eſq; one of the Aldermen of the City of London, and a Member of this Houſe, be for his ſaid offence committed to the Tower of London:

"Theſe are therefore to require you to receive into your cuſtody the body of the ſaid Richard Oliver, Eſq; and him ſafely to keep, during the pleaſure of the ſaid Houſe, for which this ſhall be your ſufficient warrant. Given under my hand the 25th day of March, 1771. FLETCHER NORTON, *Speaker.*

To the Lieutenant of the Tower of London, or his Deputy."

The Lord Mayor having attended in his place from Wedneſday afternoon till about 12 *yeſterday morning, was then ordered to be committed to the Tower. Soon after which, his Lordſhip, accompanied by his Chaplain, and Mr. Clementſon, Deputy Serjeant at Arms, left the Houſe; as ſoon as they had got into the coach, the populace took the horſes from it, and drew it to Temple Bar, the gates of which they ſhut, and informed his Lordſhip, that the company with him in the carriage had been drawn to the extent of their boundaries, and inſiſted upon their immediately getting out. His Lordſhip informed them, they were not the people they ſuſpected them to be, but his friends, who were going with him to the Manſion-houſe, they gave him three huzzas, opened the gates, and drew him within the City to the Manſion-houſe, amidſt the ſhouts of a great concourſe of people. When come to the Manſion-houſe, they inſiſted none but his Lordſhip, and his own domeſticks, ſhould enter; which as ſoon as they had ſeen done, they gave a number of huzzas, and departed.*

In a debate on Monday laſt, Mr. Thomas Townſend expoſed the conduct of the M-----ry in puniſhing Printers and Publiſhers for a few harmleſs paragraphs; while they were rewarding a man for libelling the beſt characters in the nation, with one of the moſt valuable Crown livings. S---, he ſaid, the Writer of the letters ſigned Anti-Sejanus, Old Slyboots, Cinna, Panurge, &c. was promoted by ---------- to a living worth at leaſt 800 l. per annum.

Mr. Clementſon, the Deputy Serjeant at Arms, owes his life entirely to the humanity of the Lord Mayor. The mob had a rope deſtined to the fatal purpoſe, and were from time to time going to ſeize Clementſon, but at the earneſt intreaties of the Lord Mayor they ſuffered him to go away. Good nature and humanity no leſs ſtrongly mark his Lordſhip's character than firmneſs of ſoul, and love of his country.

We hear that our worthy Member Mr. Oliver, has nobly refuſed to accept of a table to be kept at the City's expence, as he wiſhes not for the luxuries of life, but the conveniencies only.

The Sheriffs Baker and Martin, on Wedneſday, informed the Houſe of Commons, that "they were extremely willing to comply with any orders the Houſe ſhould give them in order to diſperſe the people, and prevent the outrages complained of, *except calling in the military force.*"

The nigh ſt way from Guildhall to the Tower, is found, by a *nice ſurvey* juſt taken, to be through Weſtminſter.

It is ſaid that a letter was ſent on Wedneſday from Lord ----- to Mr. Alderman Oliver in the Tower, which the Alderman returned unopened.

When the mob at the avenues of the Houſe of Commons heard of Lord North's approaching the Houſe, a number of them met him, treated him with very opprobrious language, threw dirt at him in his carriage, and endeavoured to overturn it; and, before his Lordſhip could get out, they pulled open the coach door, and dragged him into the footway, where he ſtruggled a little while with them, when James Laroche, Eſq; one of the Lords of the Treaſury, and Mr. Meredith, reſcued him from their fury. His Lordſhip afterwards acknowledged in the Houſe, that they certainly ſaved his life.

A Court of Common Council was held yeſterday, when a motion was made by Mr. Bellas, and ſeconded by Mr. Sawbridge, to appoint a Committee to enquire into the cauſe of the riot yeſterday in Palace-Yard, a Gentleman having declared on Wedneſday night, he believed the riotous mob was hired by the Magiſtrates of London; that they were diſciplined and marſhalled, and he aſſerted that Alehouſes in Palace-Yard had been opened at the expence of the Citizens for the entertainment of the mob. Mr. Wilkes was the only perſon who oppoſed this motion; the reaſon he aſſigned for his diſapprobation of the meaſure was, that the charge was only brought by a ſingle member in the debates, and that it ought not to be regarded till they ſaw what the Committee of Privileges, to be appointed yeſterday by the Houſe of Commons, would do in the matter.

The moſt extraordinary character in London is a patriotic Taylor in the Old Bailey.---This man is always drunk for a week on the diſcuſſion of any public queſtion of liberty; ſince the affair of the Printers he has not been ſober a minute, and if the Printers are *not* ruined, the Taylor *muſt* be.

On Thurſday a Member made a complaint againſt the Sheriffs,

[*For new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

for not having diſperſed the People. He ſaid he had been inſulted two days ſucceſſively; that the Sheriffs had not done their duty, &c. The Sheriffs vindicated themſelves very much to the ſatisfaction of the Houſe.

After ſome debate, in which the Member was cenſured, it was propoſed to ſignify to the Sheriffs the Houſe's approbation of their conduct, by a reſolution.

The Miniſtry, however, would not ſuffer this to be put; and moved, That the order of the day ſhould be read; upon which the Houſe divided, 75 were for the order of the day, and 43 againſt it.

The Shelburne faction have kept very back in the preſent buſineſs, but at laſt are dragged into it much againſt their wills.

It is ſaid that the Lord Mayor has declined accepting the table ordered for him in the Tower by the Court of Common Council, being determined to live at his own expence.

The Eaſter Ball is put off. The City will have no rejoicings, whilſt their Magiſtrates are made the victims of deſpotiſm.

The following Gentlemen are toaſted by the Printers, viz. Col. Barre, Mr. Townſend, Mr. Sawbridge, Sir Joſeph Mawbey, and ſeveral other Patriots.

TRECOTHICK Locum Tenens. CROSBY, Mayor.

A Common Council holden in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, on Thurſday, the 28th Day of March, 1771.

Reſolved unanimouſly, That the thanks of this Court be given to Sir Robert Ladbroke, Knight, Barlow Trecothick, James Townſend, John Sawbridge, Eſquires, Aldermen, and to William Baker, and Joſeph Martin, Eſquires, Sheriffs of this City, being Members of the Honourable Houſe of Commons, for having there ſupported the Rights and Privileges of their Fellow Citizens, and vindicated the upright Conduct of their Magiſtrates.

(Copy) HODGES.

The following is ſaid to be a true ſtate of ſome *facts*, which are the cauſes and outlines of the preſent negotiation between the Courts of London, Paris, and Madrid: Monday, 4th of March, 1771. The French and Spaniſh Ambaſſadors waited upon Lord Rochford, and demanded, that a day ſhould be fixed for ſettling the queſtion of prior right to Falkland's Iſland. Lord Rochford refuſed to name any day.

[This week ſtocks began to fall. Three days before (viz. March 1) this demand was made, Mr. Walpole arrived from Paris. The Spaniſh meſſenger, who brought a copy of the order for delivering up Port Egmont, and Prince Maſſerano's inſtructions to make this demand, ſet out next day (viz March 5) for Madrid. He went through France, and left a pacquet for the French King.]

On Tueſday, Wedneſday, and Thurſday, March 5, 6, and 7, our oſtenſible Miniſters had conferences with Mr. Stuart Mackenzie, and the French and Spaniſh Ambaſſadors.

Monday, 11th of March, 1771. The ſame Ambaſſadors went again to Lord Rochford, and not only made the ſame demand as before, but added, that they were further inſtructed to demand, that a day ſhould be fixed for reſtoring Falkland's Iſland, agreeable to promiſe. Lord Rochford peremptorily refuſed to enter into any negotiation upon this ſubject.

[This week ſtocks fell conſiderably. The matter ſome how got wind. Our Miniſters denied it. However, Potter was ſent to Madrid.]

On Tueſday the 19th of March, an expreſs arrived from Lord Harcourt, our Ambaſſador at Paris, with an account that the King of France had written a letter to the King of Spain, "wherein he aſſured the Catholic King, that he was aſhamed of the conduct of the Court of London; that he was ready and willing to co-operate with the King of Spain, in whatever future meaſures ſhould be judged expedient; that he put himſelf entirely under the direction and wiſdom of the Catholic King; and only begged that, in their future operations, that Monarch would have an eye to the preſent ſituation of France."

Next day Lord North, and the two Secretaries of State, waited on the King, who was exceedingly ſhocked at receiving this account.

On the 8th or 10th of April the courier is expected to arrive from the Court of Madrid. He is to take Verſailles in his way to London; ſo that on his arrival here, the great event will be determined, and we ſhall then know whether peace or war with France and Spain is to take place or not this year.

April 2. Copy of a letter from the Committee of the Common Council of London, to Mr. Alderman Oliver:

S I R,

"The Common Council, well ſatisfied with the faithful performance of your duty as a Magiſtrate, and deſirous of giving you an early teſtimony of their approbation and gratitude, have paſſed the following reſolution:

TRECOTHICK, Locum Tenens. CROSBY, Mayor.

"A Common Council holden in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the city of London, on Tueſday, the 26th day of March, 1771.

"A motion being made, and queſtion put, that during the confinement of Mr. Alderman Oliver in the Tower of London, a table be provided for him at the expence of this city, under the direction and management of the Committee appointed at the laſt Court to aſſiſt the Lord Mayor, and the Aldermen Wilkes and Oliver, in their defence on the charge brought againſt them by the Houſe of Commons: The ſame was unanimouſly reſolved in the affirmative, and ordered accordingly. HODGES.

"In conſequence of this reſolution, we deſire your directions, that we may execute this truſt in the manner moſt agreeable to yourſelf. We have the honour to be,

With great eſteem and affection,

Your moſt obedient humble ſervants.

Signed for and by order of the Committee,

Guildhall, London, March 27, 1771. HODGES."

Mr. Alderman OLIVER's Anſwer.

GENTLEMEN,

"I beg the favour of you to return my thanks to the Common Council of London, for this affectionate proof of their attention to the ſituation of one of their Magiſtrates. Though the faithful adminiſtration of juſtice, according to my oath, was the ſole motive of my conduct, yet I cannot but confeſs that their approbation makes my duty more pleaſing. The ſatisfaction of their concurrence is, however, the only advantage I mean to receive from their reſolution: Many ſtrong reaſons, both public and private, oblige me to decline the table they have provided for me, and I hope they will not be offended at my refuſal. I am happy, Gentlemen, to find that the Common Council agree with me in thinking that an apology is due from the ------ of ------- who have violated the laws, and not from the Magiſtrate who has fulfilled them. This country has been unhappy from the moment that the preſent prevailing counſels have influenced the ------. The laſt ten years have afforded to the Citizens of London in particular, every inſtance of neglect, unkindneſs, inſult, and injury. Their petitions have been rejected, ſlighted, ridiculed; their property unjuſtly conveyed to others; their charters violated; their rights invaded; the laws contemned; their Magiſtrates impriſoned. The power that conſumes us has the plaineſt and moſt odious marks of deſpotiſm-----abject abroad, and inſolent at home. Whether our rights will, in the end, be peaceably re-eſtabliſhed, or whether this violence will be purſued, is more than I can certainly declare; but this I will venture to ſay for myſelf, they muſt either change the laws or the Magiſtrate; for my adherence to my duty ſhall be invariably the ſame, regardleſs of the conſequences. I am, Gentlemen, with the greateſt reſpect, your moſt obedient and faithful humble ſervant,

Tower, March 29, 1771. RICHARD OLIVER."

On Saturday the Inqueſt of Billingſgate ward went in proceſſion from the Coal Exchange Coffee-houſe to the Tower in livery gowns, attended by the Beadle of the ward with his mace, to pay their reſpects to Mr. Oliver, their Alderman, on which the Foreman addreſſed him thus:

"Sir, The Inqueſt of your ward, being truly ſenſible of the fortitude and virtue of their worthy Alderman and Repreſentative, cannot at this time omit to teſtify their approbation and unfeigned thanks for your late public conduct, which has ſo conſpicuouſly diſtinguiſhed you the Patriot and friend of your country, and of this city in particular; and may your ſteady perſeverance convey to poſterity thoſe ineſtimable bleſſings of liberty which our anceſtors have ſo nobly handed down to us."

They afterwards waited on the Lord Mayor to pay their reſpects to him, when the Foreman addreſſed his Lordſhip in the following manner:

"My Lord, the Foreman and Inqueſt of the ward of Billingſgate having been to pay their reſpects to their worthy Alderman, could not depart the Tower without giving your Lordſhip their ſincere Thanks for having ſupported the laws, and alſo the rights and privileges of the Citizens of London."

They were all received very politely, and both returned ſpirited and obliging anſwers.

It was ſaid to be ſettled at the Council, held on Friday, to proceed vigorouſly againſt the City Magiſtrates; but that a Great Perſonage expreſſed himſelf in ſuch a manner, as to wiſh things might not be carried on with too much rigour, and that ſome method might be adopted to get rid of the buſineſs with honour.

We *do not hear* that the *Earl of Shelburne* has yet been to viſit the Lord Mayor or Mr. Alderman Oliver in the Tower.

An evening paper has the following extraordinary paragraph: Letters from ſeveral parts of Devonſhire ſay, that when the account was received of the impriſonment of the Lord Mayor and Alderman Oliver, the People aſſembled in large bodies, and behaved in a very riotous manner, calling out, "To arms!" It was with great difficulty that the Juſtices diſperſed them. They declared that they would at any time (if Gentlemen of diſtinction would head them) take up arms in defence of thoſe Magiſtrates who attempted to prevent the laws from being trampled under foot, and who preſerved the rights and privileges of the People from violation.

The Lieutenant of the Tower having ſent his compliments to the Lord Mayor, informing his Lordſhip, that he is at liberty to walk about any where within the Tower walls attended by a Warden, if he deſired it; his Lordſhip returned him thanks for his kind offer, and added, that he did not chuſe to aſk or accept of any favours, that he was ſatisfied with the apartments allotted him, and would continue within them till his diſcharge ſhall be ordered.

April 4. Notwithſtanding the many ſcandalous paragraphs that have been inſerted for a week paſt in moſt of the evening and daily papers, to alarm the public, by inſinuating that there is a run upon the Bank, and that the Bank notes were at a diſcount; we have authority to aſſure the Public, that there is not the leaſt foundation for ſuch report, which can be only calculated by evil minded perſons, in order to depreciate public credit.

The packet brought by the courier that arrived from Spain on Saturday laſt, is not in anſwer to thoſe diſpatched from London the 5th and 11th of March, and therefore is not very material. It contains directions of courſe to the French and Spaniſh Ambaſſadors, in caſe they ſhould be called upon by our Miniſters on matters relating to Falkland's Iſland. In that caſe they are not to be very ſtrict with regard to the claim of his Catholic Majeſty, but they are to wait another Courier for further Inſtructions.---The Meſſenger that was diſpatched by Lord Rochford with the Ultimatum was to be at Paris (on his return to London) the 2d inſt. and is expected here to-morrow, which, it is ſuppoſed, will make great alteration in affairs; for as our Miniſters have certain aſſurance of the hoſtile intention of Spain, they have inſiſted on their diſarming immediately; and a refuſal will be looked on as a declaration of war. As a categorical anſwer was demanded, nothing evaſive will be put up with, and a plan is fixed on which our Miniſters are determined to proceed directly.---This the public may depend upon as fact; and further, that there have not been any diſpatches from Madrid received by the Secretaries of State, as mentioned in ſome of yeſterday's Papers.

Tueſday Morning ſailed from Spithead the Juno Frigate, Hound Sloop, and Florida Tranſport, for Falkland's Iſland.

We hear the Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver have been preſſed by their friends to apply by letter for their enlargement, but this meaſure has been declined.

It is reported that meaſures are now taking to prevent the efforts of a certain Society, in procuring either Petitions or Remonſtrances on a late occaſion.

It is ſaid that the opinion of all the Judges will be aſked with regard to the late proceedings.

April 5. Yeſterday the Attorney-general had a long conference with his Majeſty at St. James's, which being ſomewhat unuſual, cauſes much ſpeculation among the politicians.

The Lord Mayor, we are told, is determined to do buſineſs as far as his ſituation will admit of, as he thinks he ſhould not act up to the ſtandard of Juſtice, which has hitherto diſtinguiſhed him, if he was any ways acceſſary to the diſtreſſes of his fellow citizens, too apparent, through the influence of wicked men.

A correſpondent deſires us to aſſure the public, that the paragraph which appeared in ſeveral papers ſome few days ſince, aſſerting that a weaver called at the Manſion-houſe previous to the Lord Mayor's commitment, and offered to raiſe a mob, is totally without foundation; the reaſon our correſpondent aſſigns for deſiring us to contradict it is, that the paragraph ſeems calculated to throw an aſperſion on a very numerous and uſeful body of men.

Extract of a letter from Calcutta, dated Sept. 8, 1770.

"*Amongſt other public calamities, we have had, for theſe laſt three years, a dreadful famine among the natives. The Europeans have in a great meaſure eſcaped it, there being plenty of butchers meat, and not the ſcarcity of wheat there has been of rice, though ſome of them have died of want.*

"*As to the natives, it is computed* 600,000 *at leaſt have periſhed. A correſpondent up the country writes me word, that the courſe of a large river was ſtopped by the number of carcaſes thrown into it. Tho' we have proper people conſtantly patroling the ſtreets to remove the carcaſes here, yet I have ſeen* 20 *or* 30 *when I have gone out a little way in the morning. The miſerable objects you ſee juſt expiring, with others of whom there is not the leaſt probability of their ſurviving many days, renders the paſſing the ſtreets about buſineſs extremely diſagreeable; your ears and eyes being tortured with ſighs and groans of horror beyond conception; as we have begun to cut the new crop of rice, it every day grows cheaper, ſo that we have nothing worſe than has happened to apprehend, unleſs the rains break up ſoon this year, by which a plague may be occaſioned by the number of carcaſes putrifying all over the country.*"

It is given out by ſome, that the report on the enquiry of the cauſe of the riots will be a very flaming one, in order to ballance the out-cry on the commitment of the two Magiſtrates for acting agreeable to their oaths; and that on each party's ſitting down with their loſſes, the firſt with that of their privilege, and the two Magiſtrates with the temporal loſs of their liberty, the Miniſtry are to make a merit of their great conceſſion, and thus intend, if they can, to drop the Matter.

It is aſſerted that the Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver have been adviſed, by very able Perſons in the Law, not to commence any Proſecutions againſt any Perſons whatever, till it ſhall be known how far the Puniſhment againſt them is to be extended.

It is thought if nothing is determined before, that a Habeas Corpus will be moved the firſt day of next term, which begins the 11th *inſtant, in order to releaſe, or admit to bail, the two city magiſtrates in the Tower.*

April 6. *This day the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver were carried by habeas corpus before the Lord Chief Juſtice De Grey, who remanded them to the Tower. After which, being previouſly provided with another writ from the King's Bench, they were carried before Lord Mansfield, at his Chambers in Sergeant's Inn, Chancery Lane, who likewiſe refuſed to grant them a diſcharge.---After which they were carried back to the Tower.*

They were attended by Mr. Alderman Wilkes, and the gentlemen of the Committee appointed by the city for defending the general cauſe. The reaſon alledged by their Lordſhips for not granting their enlargement we hear, was, that they could not venture to determine an affair of ſuch moment, without the advice of the other judges. Thus is this important queſtion left undecided till next term.

This day at high Change, two carts, attended by a great mob, paraded the Strand, Fleet-ſtreet, and Cheap-ſide. In the firſt cart ſat Jack Ketch, as it were guarding ſome paintings and paſteboards, which were ſupported by a wooden frame fixed to the cart.---On the back of three paſteboard figures were wrote Barrington, on whoſe breaſt appeared theſe words, "A letter of Thanks." After him came Halifax, and Harley, the latter of whom was repreſented in an Alderman's gown; each boving a night-cap, and being drawn with grievous countenances, as if going to carry their account to the other world.

In the ſecond cart ſat another Jack Ketch, guarding ſome figures with ſorrowful countenances, drawn by ſome perſons that ſeemed well acquainted with the attitude and dreſs of the undermentioned names, which were depicted on the backs of four figures; Jemmy Twitcher, De Grey, Lutterell the Uſurper, Cocky Onſlow. An hour after this proceſſion, the right and true laſt dying-ſpeeches of the malefactors executed on Tower-hill, were cried about the ſtreets.

The Lord Mayor, Mr. Alderman Oliver, and ſeveral other gentlemen, looked over the Tower wall to ſee the execution.

We are deſired to aſſure the public, that L--- N--th, from the beginning, diſapproved of George Onſlow's motion, but he was out-voted; and now, that he has plunged ſo far into the current, he muſt gain the further ſhore, or RESIGN; the latter of which he is, by no means, inclined to do.

It is with confidence reported, that Lord Camden has deſerted Lord Chatham, and made his peace with the Duke of Grafton, whoſe hopes of office are again very much revived. His Grace inſinuates, by his friends, that he is ſo far from laying aſide all thoughts of engaging in public affairs, that he is ready to receive his Majeſty's commands in any one of the higher departments of the ſtate.

The continuance of the tranquility of Europe depends upon the anſwer of the court of St. Peterſburgh to Prince Lobkowitz, the Auſtrian Ambaſſador, lately diſpatched from Vienna. This ultimatum is, that Ruſſia ſhall grant peace to the Ottomans, by permitting things to return to the ſame ſituation as before the war. On the other hand, the King of Pruſſia inſtigates the Ruſſians to continue their operations; and promiſes that, ſhould the Auſtrians take part with the Turks, he will fall upon Bohemia and Saxony with all his forces. This being the ſituation of politics in the eaſt of Europe, there can be little doubt of the flame being kept up for another campaign. The Emperor, it is thought, is too prudent, to riſque the loſs of a part of the Hereditary dominions of the houſe of Hapſburgh, for a piece of invidious revenge againſt the Ruſſians; upon whoſe late ſucceſs both he and his mother look with very jealous eyes.

The Empreſs Queen has ſignified in form to our court, that in caſe of a rupture on the continent, ſhe will not become a principal in a war in defence of Flanders; the revenues of that country not being adequate, in any degree, to the expence of one campaign: It is therefore highly probable, that the French will be ſoon in poſſeſſion of all the ſea-ports of the Auſtrian Netherlands.

It is ſaid a truce is concluded between the Ruſſians and Turks.

The Committee of Enquiry into the late riots and diſturbances, have ſat every day this week.

Colonel ISAAC BARRE's *Speech, when the Motion was made in the Houſe of Commons for ſending Alderman* OLIVER *to the* Tower.

Mr. SPEAKER,

SINCE I had the honour, or rather diſhonour, of ſitting in this houſe, I have been witneſs to many ſtrange, many ſhameful tranſactions; but ſince I could call myſelf a member of the Britiſh Senate, never were my ears ſhocked with ſuch an abominable propoſal as that which now diſgraces this Aſſembly. A Repreſentative of the firſt City in the Empire, or perhaps in the world, is to be treated as a ſtate criminal for ſupporting the general rights of the nation, and the peculiar privileges of his fellow citizens. It has been proved to a demonſtration, that your claim of privilege was meant as a bulwark againſt the encroachments of the Crown, and not as a check upon your conſtituents. It has been clearly ſhewn that you have acted contrary to Magna Charta, and that the arraigned Magiſtrates have adhered to the law of the land. Nor is this all----You have been convicted of invading the peculiar franchiſes of the city, and of trampling on numerous ſtatutes made in its favour,----while the objects of your impotent malice have only acted according to the dictates of conſcience, and the religion of their oath.---You will puniſh them, becauſe they would not for the purpoſe of your tyranny betray their truſt, and be guilty of perjury. What can be your intention in ſuch an attack upon all honour and virtue? Do you mean to bring all men on a level with yourſelves, and to extirpate all honeſty and independence? Perhaps you imagine that a vote will ſettle the whole controverſy? Alas! you are not aware that the manner in which your vote is procured, remains a ſecret to no man. Liſten---for if you are not totally callous, if your conſciences are not ſeared, I'll ſpeak daggers to your ſouls. Whence did this motion take its riſe? Where was the ſcheme concerted? Did it originate in this Houſe? Is it the legitimate offſpring of this Aſſembly? No; it is the abortion of five wretched Clerks, who, though a diſgrace to this Houſe, have the management, I beg pardon, the miſmanagement, of all national affairs. Theſe pitiful drudges brought the Treaſury into the ſcheme; the Treaſury influenced the Junto of Carlton-houſe; Carlton-houſe ſet all the adminiſtration in motion; and the adminiſtration gave life and vigour to the machines that compoſe the majority. Thus are you played off, like puppets, for the entertainment of the magicians that act behind the curtain. Do you not bluſh at ſuch infamy? Do not your cheeks burn with conſcious ſhame at being mere walking plants, perfect oxen in a ſtall, fed by the hand of your maſter, and forced to draw in his yoke? By Heaven, I had rather not be, than draw ſuch a heavy, ſuch a galling, ſuch a deteſtable chain.

There are, indeed, thoſe of whoſe commands I ſhould be proud, becauſe their ſervice is perfect freedom. The inſtructions of your conſtituents you ſhould be always ready to obey. But you have inverted the maxim of the Goſpel, and made the ſervant greater than his maſter. You, who are only deputies or factors, have uſurped a power not only ſuperior to that of your creators, but deſtructive of the very rights by which they exiſt as freemen. In the gulf of your privileges you have ſwallowed up the birthright of the people, who are ultimately paramount to all the three branches of the legiſlature. Had you been as tenacious of your duty as of your intereſt, you would have firſt provided for the ſafety of the people's rights, and then entered into the diſcuſſion of your own privileges. It is the privilege of the people to be tried by the law of the land, and to ſee the courſe of juſtice free and uninterrupted. Both you have flagrantly violated, and opened a door for anarchy and confuſion. But where is the wonder that you act in this arbitrary manner, when you would not allow mention to be made of the traiterous member, who declared, in the face of day, that he hoped to ſee his Majeſty as abſolute and deſpotic as the King of Pruſſia; and that he had bought his conſtituents, and made of their inſtructions an uſe not fit to be named! Had you been true repreſentatives, you would have immediately dropped every other ſubject, and bluſhed to determine any national affair, till you had removed from among you ſuch an accurſed thing, ſuch an abomination to all honour and honeſty. But you love to protect ſuch culprits, becauſe of ſuch is your kingdom compoſed. How then can you imagine, that the people will tamely acquieſce in injuries received from men of your ſtamp? How can you imagine, that Britons will endure an act of tyranny, as alarming as any practiſed by the deſpot of France? Louis the *well beloved* eraſes the acts of his Parliaments; and our *beloved* Houſe of Commons eraſes the legal proceedings of our Courts of Record. Why, the violence of Charles the Firſt, when he entered this Houſe in perſon, and ſeized the five Members, was not a matter of ſuch pernicious example! You have ſtruck at the very root of all law and juſtice, and endeavoured, at one blow, to annihilate all our liberties.

The conſequence is natural. After having aſſumed an arbitrary dominion over truth and juſtice, you iſſue orders, warrants, and proclamations, againſt every opponent, and ſend priſoners to your Baſtile all thoſe who have the virtue and courage to defend the expiring freedom of their country. But it is in vain that you hope by fear and terror to extinguiſh every ſpark of the ancient

fire of this Isle. The more sacrifices, the more martyrs you make, the more numerous the sons of liberty will become. They will multiply like the Hydra's head, and hurl vengeance on your devoted heads. Let others act as they will, while I have a tongue or an arm, they shall be free. And that I may not be a witness of this monstrous proceeding, I will leave the House; nor do I doubt but every independent, every honest man, every friend to England, will follow me."

Substance of the SPEECH *of the Hon.* CONSTANTINE PHIPPS, *when a Committee for enquiring into the Cause of the Riots, was appointed.*

I AM heartily glad that you have at last come to the resolution of appointing a Committee of Enquiry. Such an establishment has long been wanting; and many have been the attempts of the minority to set it on foot. But the ministerial champions are never roused but by their own danger. It was in vain that we called upon them to enquire into the causes of the riots in St. George's Fields, at Brentford, and other places. The safety of their constituents was to them a matter of no moment. Little solicitous about the general weal, they consulted their own private emolument. Provided they could enjoy their places, and pensions, and contracts, in ease and security, they were ready to wink at domestic tumults, as well as foreign encroachments.---The same spirit which dictated the relinquishment of our right to Falkland Island, and the Manilla Ransom, occasioned the sacrifice of the national police.

But now the evil comes home to themselves; riot knocks at the door, and will not suffer them to *divide* with security. What is the consequence?---They are alarmed. Their lips tremble, and their hearts palpitate. You may mark out every enemy to his country by the paleness of his cadaverous face, and the visible terror which shakes his frame. Where now is that blustering manner, that insulting tone, and that important attitude, which used to distinguish the Minister? O mortality! how frail art thou!

I should be sorry to see the confusion of the times of Cade, Wat Tyler, and Jack Straw, return. And it is for that reason I would advise you to forbear your intended acts of oppression. For, however much the history of those times may be disguised, it is easy for a penetrating eye to discover that the oppression of the rich was the cause of the insurrection. Similar causes will always produce similar effects. The people think themselves now plundered and oppressed: For, let me tell you, your present violence is not the sole cause of this day's disturbance. It is not one or two unpopular acts that will stir up the people against the authority of this House. A series of impolitic measures is necessary. Nor have these been wanting. What do you think of the Middlesex Election? What of St. George's Fields, and of Brentford? What of enflaming Ireland, of rendering America disaffected, and of putting a total stop to our trade? You paid the King's debts, without asking how they were contracted. You approved the Convention, though it cost us above three millions, and secured none of the objects in dispute. Of these, and innumerable other imprudent acts, you have been guilty; and yet you vote that a Committee shall be appointed to enquire into the causes of this day's riot! *O seri studiorum!* You must be backward scholars indeed, if you cannot explain the secret. There is no mystery in the case. The matter is clear as noon day; and he that runs may read. The very men who proposed the enquiry, are themselves the root of the evil. *Hinc mihi prima mali labes.* From that Bench sprung every plague, as from Pandora's box. If you will not be convinced by my assertions, consult the multitude; apply for information to the men, of whose irregularities you complain. They will not conceal the truth, but openly tell the same story. Nay, they have told it you already, and in a rougher manner than you could wish. What were their salutations? Instead of shouts and acclamations, which will naturally attend good Ministers, they have regaled you with hisses and execrations. Do not your rent cloaths and begrimed faces still bear the marks of their civility? After such strong proofs, such undoubted testimonies, concerning the cause of this popular tumult, how can we still be at a loss for the proper method of proceeding? To me the case is extremely clear. We must begin with a reformation at home. We must follow the maxim of the ancient Philosopher, "Know thyself." Then we shall be better qualified for enquiring into the conduct of others. Upon this plan alone I approve of the Committee. If it be meant only for silencing the natural language of freedom, for tying the tongues, and chaining the limbs of Freemen, I give it my negative; because I am convinced it will only exasperate and enrage. That, I own, is a good reason why it should be adopted by the Ministry. Their system of politics is founded on fear, not on love. *Oderint dum metuant*, is their motto. What a pity it is that fear has now changed sides, and flutters on the ministerial standard!"

April 3. In the debate on Thursday morning last in the Lower-Assembly, Lord North, in the close of his last speech, observed, "that he was very sure the mob, who surrounded the avenues to the House, and who had the brutality to attack him, were hired by the minority, to endeavour to effect without doors, what they despaired of doing within." Upon which Mr. W. Burke rose up, and said, "It was a falshood, a most egregious falshood; that the minority, to a man, were persons of such honour and consequence, as would scorn even the shadow of such a resource; that such a charge could never come from any man, but one hackneyed in indirect measures; and who could never impute such a proceeding to any body of gentlemen, had he not a mind capable of adopting such himself."

N E W - Y O R K, May 16.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Newbern, N. Carolina, to his friend in New-York, dated April the 24th.

"By the time this comes to hand our worthy Governor, at the head of 2500 men, will, in all human probability, be dealing out justice to the Regulators according to their demerits; the Craven and Cartwright county detachments march from here to-morrow on their way to the upper end of Johnson county, where they are to be joined by the gentlemen from the southward and westward, his Excellency marches from here the 26th, attended by most of the gentlemen of the council, and all the principal ones of this place. I assure you it is very agreeable to every well-wisher to government, and reflects no small honour upon Governor Tryon, to see the people so unanimous in joining him without the assistance of regular troops, to suppress those miscreants, who have so long disturbed the tranquility of this province, and must afford a secret satisfaction to every thinking person in your place, that so worthy a man is to preside over them."

P H I L A D E L P H I A, May 23.

Extract of a Letter from London, April 3.

"Before this comes to hand, you will no Doubt have heard of the *Lord Mayor*, and *Alderman Oliver*, being committed to the Tower. The Fact is certain, and it is with deep Concern I assure you, that the Face of Things here has a melancholy Appearance. In general, People seem much exasperated at this arbitrary Proceeding, and talk of addressing his Majesty upon the Occasion; but whether they will or not, a few Days will determine. It is however very certain, that Lord North, and several of his Friends, were attacked last Week by the Populace, near the Parliament-house, and were put in Fear of their Lives. His Lordship was rescued by Sir William Meredith, and acknowledged his Obligations *openly* in the House to that Gentleman, with Tears on his Cheeks. Upon hearing this, the old Duke of Rutland said, that "my Lord North had been saved from a *cruel Death* by a *merry* "*Death*." The Minority Members did not forbear to exult over such Timidity as their Opponents discovered.----I am sorry to be able to write you so much bad News, and the more so, as it is feared that these are only the Beginnings of Troubles. Many are the evil Predictions of the Wise in State Affairs from these Omens; but, being not the least of a Politician, I only relate Facts, and leave the Issue of them to Providence. War too is warmly talked of again with France and Spain.----At present the Parliament is adjourned, but meets on Monday next, when Mr. Wilkes is ordered to attend the House. This he will undoubtedly refuse to do, and then coercive Measures are expected to follow; but of this hereafter. The Lord Mayor is a good Character; but Mr. Oliver (and I have it from his intimate Friends) is a cool, steady and sensible Man.----A Letter he hath lately published, proves him to be the last.----I shall write further by Captain Osborne, who sails in a few Days."

The 14th of this Instant departed this Life, at his House in Mountholly, in the County of Burlington, JOHN HATKINSON; he was a kind and loving Husband, a tender Parent over his Children, a kind Master, and a ready and good Neighbour; a Man more in Substance than Shew of Religion. His Corpse was, on the 16th, attended to Friends Burying-ground, near the said Town, by a large Number of his Friends and Acquaintance. He has left behind him a sorrowful Widow and Children, yet not without Hope, that he is taken from the many Troubles of this Life to enjoy a better; and he, who gives this Character, has no small Share in the Loss of so intimate and agreeable a Friend, having been intimate with him, both at home and abroad, for several Years. W. C.

We hear from Chesterfield, in New-Jersey, that on Tuesday, the 14th Instant, was suddenly summoned hence, in the 18th Year of his Age, by the accidental Discharge of a Gun (which it was supposed went off at Half Cock, by a Person's attempting to remove it from the Place it stood in) Mr. EDWARD PAGE, jun. only Son of Mr. EDWARD PAGE, of that Place.---He was a young Man much esteemed, and whose unfortunate Death is therefore greatly lamented by all who knew him.---

Ye Gay and Careless, on his Fate attend!

Captain M'Carty, from the Western Islands, on the 8th Instant, in Lat. 38, Long. 56, spoke a Schooner, Captain Gardner, from Salem for St. Eustatia, 8 Days out, all well.

Captain Davison, from Bristol, on the 6th Instant, in Lat. 37: 5, Long. 70, spoke the Ship Alexander, Captain Hastie, from Glasgow for Virginia, 34 Days out, all well.

Captain Hall, from Yarmouth, on the 29th ult. in Lat. 28: 36, Long. 57: 30, spoke a Brig, Captain Thomas, from Newberry for Dominica, 12 Days out, all well.

Captain Higgs, from St. Christophers, on the 17th Instant, in Lat. 36: 48, spoke a Brig, Captain Dursey, from Newbern, in North-Carolina, for Bristol, out one Day; and the same Day spoke a Schooner, from North-Carolina for Boston.

The Ship Catherine, Captain Young, from this Port for London, was spoke with, in Lat. 36, Long. 66, on the 11th Instant, by Captain Oak, of the Harriot Packet, arrived at New-York, all well.

Captain Pearie, on his Passage from Gibraltar to New-York, on the 3d Instant, spoke the Ship Phillis, Captain Wilson, from Liverpool for Maryland, in Lat. 37: 54, Long. 35: 45, out 32 Days, all well.

Captain Green, arrived at New-York, in 44 Days from Londonderry, on the 29th of March, spoke a Ship, from Virginia for Glasgow, but did not learn the Master's Name.

Captain M'Culloch, from Glasgow, on the 14th Instant, in Lat. 37: 40, Long. 71, spoke the Brig Sophia, Captain Haselton, from this Place for Vigo, out 5 Days, all well.

A R R I V A L S.

From Philadelphia: Captains Miller, and Smith, at Dublin; Curtis, at Waterford; Ferguson, at Belfast; M'Gowan, at Londonderry; and the Captains Steel and Simmonds, at Barbados.

Deal, March 18. Came down and sailed, the Betsy, Danby, (24th) the Union Success, Sewell (26th) the Latham, Waterman (28th) the Pitt, Punderson (31st) the Elizabeth, Easton; and the Prince of Wales, Clark, all for Virginia.

Deal, April 2. Came down and sailed, the Nassau, Smith, for Boston; the Firmley, Page, for Maryland; and the Molly, Barron, for Virginia.

Yesterday John Thomson was executed here, pursuant to his Sentence, for Burglary. Elizabeth Grant, who also received Sentence of Death, is reprieved.

†‡† The *public Examination* of Candidates for Degrees in the Arts, will be held in the *College* on *Friday* next, and begin at Ten o' Clock.

☞ For a LIST of PRIZES, in the New-Castle, &c. LOTTERY, see the Supplement.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Lucy, T. Frye, from N. Carolina: Ship White Oak, J. Cox, Barbados. Sloop Centurion, E. Gray, and Sloop Diana, W. Gooding, Falmouth. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguson, and Sloop Polly, W. Casey, N. York. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, and Sloop Molly, V. Wightman, R. Island. Ship Warwick, S. Davison, Bristol. Schooner Pompey, A. Jones, and Schooner Hawke, J. Powers, N. London. Sloop Dolphin, J. M'Carty, Western Islands. Ship Sally, W. Keith, and Brig Dolphin, R. Sewell, Newry and Waterford. Sloop Paoli, T. Delap, Halifax. Schooner Nancy, B. Woods, and Sloop Rachel, L. Morrey, Virginia. Schooner Bonaventure, J. Waterman, from Boston.

OUTWARDS. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder, for Georgia. Schooner Lucy, J. Anderson, Virginia. Brig Charlotte, J. Montgomery, Cadiz. Brig Susanna, E. Howes, Hispaniola. Brig Favourite Molly, J. M'Daniel, Barbados. Brig Lovely Lass, A. Waid, Vigo. Ship Ann, G. Fortin, Bristol. Sloop Nancy, J. Harkies, and Sloop St. Andrew, J. Bonner, N. York.

CLEARED. Brig Ann, J. Eves, to Jamaica. Schooner Amelia, S. Chowne, and Sloop Adventure, J. Markham, Virginia. Ship Newry's Assistance, W. Chevers, and Ship London Packet, J. Cooke, Lisbon. Schooner Dolphin, J. Outerbridge, Antigua. Brig Nancy, R. Torrens, Madeira. Sloop Tom, B. Tuell, R. Island. Ship Parr, J. All, Schooner Lovely Lass, T. Dewick, and Snow Dickinson, J. Johnson, Maryland. Sloop Hannah, J. Chapman, Boston. Sloop Polly, W. Casey, N. York. Ship Britannia, J. Mathie, to Glasgow.

The MEMBERS of the
St. ANDREW's SOCIETY,

ARE desired to attend their Quarterly Meeting, at the House of Josiah F. Davenport, at the Bunch of Grapes, in Third-street, on Friday, the 31st of this instant May, at Six o'Clock in the Evening. ROBERT WILSON, Secretary.

JUST IMPORTED in the Friendship, Captain M'Cullough, from Glasgow, and to be sold, by
DAVID SPROAT, and Company,
At their store, the corner of Front and Walnut-streets,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT of MERCHANDIZE, suitable to the season.

STEPHEN CARMICK,
Has JUST IMPORTED, at his store, in Water-street, three doors above Market-street, A large and general assortment of MERCHANDIZE, consisting of
OZENBRIGS, brown and white Russia and Irish sheetings, dowlas, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens, calicoes, muslins, persians, silk handkerchiefs, checks and stripes, cotton hollands, writing paper, threads, sewing silks, broadcloths, shaloons, silk and hair buttons, fustians, velvets, jeans, hosiery, calimancoes, quality bindings, nails, cutlery, neat frying-pans, scythes, tin, wire, window glass, painters colours, &c. &c. &c. which he will sell very cheap for READY MONEY, or the usual credit.

T O B E S O L D,
A Neat STAGE or FAMILY WAGGON, made in the best Manner, the Top of the Outside and Sides covered with the best Leather, and the Inside lined with Cloth; the Wood-work neatly painted, with new Harness, &c. Enquire of the PRINTERS hereof. ‡

STRAYED from off the Commons of this City, the 28th of April last, a middle sized Milch COW, with a short Tail, a Slit in one Ear, and a little Piece cut off the Top of the other. Whoever secures the said Cow, and will bring her to the Owner, living at the Mustard-mills, at the upper End of Market-street, Philadelphia, shall receive Ten Shillings Reward, from ‡ EDWARD LODER.

Just published, and to be sold by HALL *and* SELLERS, *at the New Printing-Office, in Market-street. Price One Shilling.*

HUMAN LIFE a PILGRIMAGE: Or The CHRISTIAN a STRANGER and SOJOURNER upon EARTH; A SERMON, occasioned by the Death of the Hon. RICHARD PENN, Esq; one of the Proprietaries of the Province of Pennsylvania: Preached before the united Congregations of CHRIST-CHURCH and St. PETER's, in the City of Philadelphia, on Sunday, April 21, 1771. By the Reverend JACOB DUCHE, M. A.

Philadelphia, May 21, 1771.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE;
at the London Coffee-house, on Thursday, the 6th of June next, at seven o'clock in the evening,

ALL that fine, rich and fertile piece of MEADOW GROUND, containing 28 acres, or thereabouts, lying and being in Greenwich Island, about three miles from the Court-house in this city, and near Greenwich Point-house, adjoining meadow grounds belonging to William Jones and Richard Renshaw, beautifully situate, with an extensive front on the river Delaware, commanding fine views of the vessels sailing up and down the river, Glouc ester-point, Red Bank, &c. embanked, and under good fence, with a fine crop of grass now standing. The whole divided in the most convenient and advantageous manner for the purchasers, with suitable cartways to each lot, and will be sold in parcels, agreeable to the plan of division to be seen at the Coffee-house, and Richard Renshaw's Point-house, where a person will attend to shew the premises. At same time will be sold about three acres of excellent MEADOW GROUND, situate on the east side of Gloucester-point road, fronting the river Delaware, and adjoining the meadows of Stephen Paschall, Joseph Morris, and Henry Lisle.---And on the next day, Friday the 7th of June, at three o' clock in the afternoon, will be exposed to *public sale*, at the house of John Fritz, Tavernkeeper, in Southwark, TWENTY LOTS of GROUND, situate in the District of Southwark, fronting on Moyamensing road, Third-street continued, and Carpenter-street, on one of which lots is a small wooden building, with a cellar under part of it, and in Carpenter-street is a well of excellent water, which will accommodate the greater part of the lots, adjoining lands of Joseph Wharton, the elder, Thomas Wharton, &c. The whole to be sold agreeable to the plans of division thereof made, and to be seen at the London Coffee-house, John Fritz's, in Southwark, and at the Indian King. For particulars and terms of sale, enquire of the subscriber, at the corner of Market and Second-streets, where plans of the whole may be seen; and where a variety of MERCHANDIZE is to be sold very cheap for cash.

ENOCH STORY, Broker.

N. B. Six months credit for one half, and twelve months for the remainder, free of interest, will be allowed to the purchasers of the Southwark lots, on their giving security, if required

Baltimore-Town, May 11, 1771.

JUST IMPORTED by
HUDSON and LAWSON,
From LONDON, and to be sold by wholesale,
A large assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable for the SEASON, consisting of

GERMAN and British ozenbrigs; brown rolls; Hessens; garlix; Silesia linens; dowlas; brown and white Russia drabs; Russia sheetings; Raven's duck; clear lawns and cambricks; flowered, striped and sprigged lawns; stamped and white linen handkerchiefs; checked, striped and plain muslins; stamped and white calicoes; cottons; chintz; humhums; stamped linens; diaper and damask table-cloths; huckaback; long lawns; India sattempoes, moorees, bettelees, conjaverams, dimity, nankeens, chelloes, diapers, &c. flowered and spotted bandanoes; lungee, pullicat and new silk handkerchiefs; cotton ditto; India chintz gown patterns; China taffeties; striped and plain persians; paduasoys; mantuas; white hessens; black cravats; Barcelona handkerchiefs; lining persians; pelongs; flowered and plain, coloured and white sattins; ditto sattin pelongs; plain and striped flowered and sprigged gauzes; Spitalfield silk handkerchiefs; silk lace net; a variety of the most fashionable ribbons; pins and needles; coloured, white, Scotch and nuns thread; balladine silk; buckrams; Leghorn and chip hats; fans; stock tape; snail trimmings; ferriting; broad and narrow black and white silk and thread lace; blond lace; edging trimmings; womens silk gloves and mitts; knee garters; bugle necklaces; mock and real garnet ditto; ditto ear-rings; French wax necklaces and ear-rings; coloured feathered plumes; French and Italian flowers; sealing wax and wafers; paste-boards; superfine broadcloths in suits; cassimers; German serges; Wilton plains; Yorkshire plains; basket and death-head buttons; twist; mohair; saggathies; duroys; druggets; calimancoes; durants; tammies; shaloons; prunels; bordered and flowered kenting handkerchiefs; striped and sprigged minionet lawns; 6-qr. sprigged and striped apron ditto; full table setts of China ware; ditto tea setts; bowls, mugs, &c. delph ware; mens and boys felt and castor hats; gunpowder; shot; bar and sheet lead; horn and ivory combs; window glass; a large assortment of glass ware; shammy skins; 3-qr. 7-8ths and yard wide linen and cotton checks; checked handkerchiefs; striped cottons; cotton Hollands; bed tick; bed bunts; Damascusses; cotton and silk gown patterns; Turky stripes; white and dyed jeans; jeanets; sattinets; everlastings; sergedenims; striped cotton and thread laces; pretties; coat and quality bindings; garterings; diaper and Holland tapes; shirt and waistcoat buttons; cotton tapes; 3-qr. 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens; brown and white sheetings; Irish dowlas; wool and cotton cards; blistered and faggot steel; frying pans; spades and shovels; Florence oil, anchovies, capers, olives, &c. womens and mens gloves and mitts; mens and womens shoes and pumps; mens, womens, boys and girls brown and white hose; worsted breeches pieces; pepper, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves and mace; roll brimstone; all sorts of pewter; stationary of all sorts; a general assortment of ironmongery and hardware; scythes, sickles, cast iron pots, skillets and tea-kettles; nails of all sorts; London porter, white wine vinegar, &c. 1 m.

IF one RICHARD MOOR, who came from England about two Years ago, and lately left Philadelphia, in order to reside in Bucks County, will call upon the Printers hereof, he may hear of something to his Advantage. ¶

Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, May 20, 1770.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, *from off the Commons, near the Barracks, about the Middle of last Month, a small SORREL MARE, thirteen Hands high, or thereabouts, five Years old this Spring, has a good Deal of White in her Face, one Wall-eye, one or both of her hind Feet white, paces and trots some. Whoever secures said Mare and Thief, so that the Owner may have her again, and the Thief brought to Justice, shall have the above Reward, or Two Dollars for the Mare only, paid by* WILLIAM WOODROW. ‡

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN, from the Subscriber's Pasture, living in West-Whiteland, Chester County, on the Lancaster Road, the Night of the 14th of this instant May, a BAY HORSE, four Years old this Harvest, about 14 Hands and a Half high, slim made, and seems coltish for his Age, a very bright Bay, and a natural Trotter, but gallops freely when rode, his Mane and tail lately trimmed, the Mane black, and cut for the Collar, shod before, his hind Feet white, one of them thought as far as the Footlock Joint. Whoever secures the Thief with the Horse, shall have the above Reward, or for the Horse only THIRTY SHILLINGS, and reasonable Charges, paid by

‡ EVAN ANDERSON.

To be R E N T E D,

THE long frequented, and very convenient TAVERN, in the Borough of Lancaster, known by the Sign of the Montgomery's Arms. For Terms, apply to the subscriber, on the Premises. WILLIAM MONTGOMERY. ¶

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Friday, the 31ſt of May, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, if not ſold before at private ſale, the following LANDS and HOUSES, viz.

THE elegant country ſeat, called MOUNT PLEASANT, ſituate on the river Schuylkill, about four miles and a half from this city. Belonging to it are 119 acres and 123 perches of land, on which are five young bearing orchards, about 10 acres of meadow, and a large kitchen garden, within a ſtone wall, with a variety of the beſt fruit trees. The place is ſo well known, that it would be needleſs to ſay any thing of the beauty of the ſituation, or the elegance of the buildings.

No. 1. A lot in the tenure of Zachariah Nieman, rents for £ 9 7 6 per annum.

2. A lot in the tenure of John Patterſon, rents for £ 5 per annum.

3. A lot in the tenure of George Thumb, rents for £ 5 per ann.

4. A lot in the tenure of Jacob Waſhby, rents for £ 5 per ann.

5. A lot in tenure of Matthew Potter, rents for £ 6 per ann.

Theſe five lots are ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, between Cedar and Almond-ſtreets.

6. A lot on the north ſide of Lombard-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, in tenure of John Milner, rents for £ 10 per annum.

7. A lot on the weſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, near St. Peter's Church, in tenure of Mrs. Williams, rents for £ 5 per annum.

8. A lot joining the laſt, in tenure of James Welſh, rents for £ 5 per annum.

9. A lot oppoſite the laſt, in tenure of William Nicholls, rents for £ 5 5 0 per annum.

All the above lots are lett on groundrent for ever, without liberty of buying off, and are now improved by the tenants. The rents are reſerved in Spaniſh dollars.

Alſo a three ſtory houſe, and the lot on which it ſtands, on the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the New-Market, in tenure of Mrs. Snowden, being 18 feet in front, and 70 in depth, and rents for £ 26 per annum. The houſe is inſured.

A lot on the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, between Walnut and Spruce-ſtreets, 32 feet in front, and 300 deep; thereon are two brick buildings, one of which is at preſent rented to Capt. William Keith for £ 35 per annum, and is inſured.

A lot adjoining the laſt, being 20 feet front, and 300 deep, with the privilege of a three feet nine inch alley. There are on ſaid lot, a houſe in tenure of Mrs. Mary Beale, which rents for £ 60 per annum, and is inſured, and a very good coach-houſe, ſtables and hay-loft, not now rented. ¶

Philadelphia, May 18, 1771.

Juſt publiſhed (price One Shilling) and to be ſold by

WILLIAM EVITT,

At his Printing-Office, the Sign of the Bible-in-Heart, in Strawberry-alley, oppoſite the Bull's Head,

A Pennſylvania Sailor's LETTERS, alias the Farmer's Fall; with Extracts from a Tragi-Comedy, called Hodge Podge improved, or the Race fairly run. §

IMPORTED in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol and Liverpool, and to be ſold, on reaſonable terms, by

SAMUEL HOWELL, and SON,

At their ſtore, on the ſouth ſide of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, and the third houſe from Front-ſtreet,

GERMAN and Scotch ozenbrigs, brown and white heſſens, German and Iriſh Dowlas, Ruſſia and Iriſh, brown and white ſheeting, yard wide and 7-8ths Iriſh linens, printed cottons and calicoes, cambricks, 7-8ths and yd. wd. clear lawns and long ditto, 7-8ths and yard wide muſlin gauze, ſtriped, ſpotted and flowered ditto, ſilk and cotton romals, culgee, lute-ſtring, check and roſet ſilk handkerchiefs, black ſilk cravats, 7-8ths and yd. wd. black gauze handkerchiefs, red bordered fine lawn, blue paſte work, and Scotch blue and white ditto, India nankeens, 8-qr. damaſk table-cloth, humhums, 6-qr. and yard wide muſlins, fattins, peelongs, ſewing ſilks, black ſilk breeches patterns, ſuperfine and ſuper broadcloths, ſhaloons, Wilton and Bath coatings, baſket and death head buttons, ſcarf, twiſt and mohair ſilk knee-garters, mens and womens leather gloves and mitts, Ruſſels, calimancoes, durants, tammies, camblets, hairbine, grazets, ſilk and common ſaggathies, black bombazeens, mens, womens, boys, and girls worſted cotton and thread hoſe, ſilk white and brown thread mitts, figured ſattin paduaſoy and ſarſnet ribbons, cruels and ſampler canvas, ſcarlet, lettered and camblet garters, ſcarlet ſerges, horn and ivory combs, quality, ſhoe and ſtay bindings, ſcarlet, and red flannels, pins, Whitechapel and common needles, childrens red Morocco ſhoes, 10 and 11 nails, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. and yd. and 3-qr. linen and cotton checks, linen and cotton ſtriped hollands, thickſets, dyed pillows, jeans and jeanets, ſilk ſooſees, lorettoes and damaſcus, cotton velvets and velverets, drawboys, ticken and bed bunts, Holland and Manchеſter tape and bobbin, green, red and purple furniture check, Turkey ſtripes and burdets, ſilver watches-------A neat aſſortment of hardware, powder and ſhot, ſeine twine, and India china, black pepper, &c.

They have alſo for ſale, old Jamaica ſpirits, Madeira wine, by the pipe, hogſhead or quarter caſk, ſail cloth, &c. *Tbetf.*

THIS is to inform the PUBLIC, and my friends and cuſtomers in particular, that I have removed from Black Horſe Alley to the Bull's Head Tavern, in Strawberry Alley, where I keep Entertainment for Man and Horſe; all gentlemen that chooſe to favour me with their cuſtom, may depend upon my doing my utmoſt endeavours to give a general ſatisfaction, and it ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by

Philadelphia, Their humble ſervant,
May 18, 1771. JAMES LOWTHER.

Philadelphia, May 20, 1771.

TWENTY-FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away, the 19th inſtant, from the ſubſcribers, living in this city, three Dutch men ſervants; one named *Philip Jacob Mickell*, about 24 or 25 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, is a well-ſet fellow, with light coloured hair, and ſmooth face; had on, when he went away, a half worn beaver hat, a new dark brown broadcloth coat, buff coloured veſt, with yellow metal buttons, buckſkin breeches, and dowlas trowſers; he has been uſed to country work. Another named *Andrew Bertle*, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, is a well-ſet fellow, of a yellow complexion, has dark hair, by trade a ſhoemaker, and has his tools with him; had on, when he went away, a dark foreſt cloth coat, with yellow flannel lining, made very ſhort, with white metal buttons, a white kerſey veſt, a pair of black velvet, and one pair buckſkin breeches, new ſhoes, with braſs buckles, and an old felt hat, with a metal button; he ſpeaks and writes Engliſh, French, Spaniſh and Dutch very well. The other named *Martin Krytz*, about 26 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, is a well-ſet fellow, of a freſh complexion, has dark brown hair, and one leg ſmaller than the other; had on, when he went away, a half worn caſtor hat, light coloured cloth coat, red flannel veſt, buckſkin breeches, white ſhirt, and new ſhoes; he is by trade a blackſmith. They had other clothes with them, and will probably change them. They have been about ten months in this country. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that their maſters may get them again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, or *Three Pounds* for either of them, paid by JOHN BROWN, JOSEPH JOHNSON, or WILLIAM CLIFTON. ¶

To be SOLD, by ALEXANDER BENSTED,

At his ſtore, the Red Houſe, in Newtown, Bucks county,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT of MERCHANDIZE, imported this ſeaſon; alſo groceries, ſpices and dying ſtuffs; all which he will diſpoſe of on the loweſt terms, for caſh, or country produce. §

Choice pickled STURGEON,

Cured in the *Baltick* manner, by

JONATHAN RICHMOND,

At *Trenton* Falls, who by his long experience, theſe ſeven years, in the buſineſs, and not truſting it to hired ſervants and Negroes, who often ſpoil, and do not put up the proper parts of the fiſh as many in the curing neglect.

Obſerve the following DIRECTIONS.

DRAW the cork at the bung of the keg, and pour out the liquor in a clean pan, then knock up the hoops, and take out the head that is branded, and take what fiſh you want out, then harden on the hoops, and put the cork in as before, and pour the liquor into the keg, if not enough to cover the fiſh, add a little good vinegar to it, and take a coarſe double cloth, and ſpread it over the head, then put the head on the cloth, and a ſtone or weight on the head, to keep it cloſe from the air, and it will keep good in the warmeſt climate, and warranted good. To be ſold by Meſſieurs COX and FURMAN, at their ſtore on the wharff near the Ferry-houſe, who have for ſale a ſmall quantity of Iſinglaſs.

N. B. This is to inform the public, that the ſubſcriber puts up Sturgeon in 3 gallon kegs, as uſual, at Thirteen Shillings per Keg, and not in two gallon kegs, as ſome in the practice do. JONATHAN RICHMOND.

FOR LEITH,

The ſhip DAMASK ROSE,
JOHN MACPHERSON, MASTER,

Will ſail in about three weeks. For freight or paſſage, apply to ſaid Macpherſon, at Mrs. Beale's, in Second-ſtreet.

He has for ſale, and to be ſeen at Mrs. Cornelia Smith's, in Fourth-ſtreet, a large very fine CHAMBER ORGAN, when all the ſtops are out, loud enough for a church.---If not ſold in 16 days, it will be ſhipped off. *May* 14, 1771. ¶

ALL Perſons who have any Demands againſt JOHN BAYLY, of this City, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, on or before the Firſt of July, as the Aſſignees propoſe making a Dividend that Day; thoſe who neglect furniſhing their Accounts, will of Courſe be excluded from the firſt Dividend. CHARLES MEREDITH, JOHN RHEA, GEORGE MEADE, JOHN WILCOCKS, SAMUEL C. MORRIS, WILLIAM CRAIG, Aſſignees. 5 W.

Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, May 6, 1771.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, a convict ſervant man, named FRANCIS COWELL, a ſhort ſquare fellow, about 40 years of age, with ſhort hair, a very bald pate, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high; carried away with him, 2 outer jackets, one red, the other country kerſey, and a blue under jacket, a new country linen ſhirt, and old trowſers, a pair of country kerſey breeches, milled ſtockings, and old ſhoes. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Thirty Shillings reward, from JOHN WALKER. ‡

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living at the Sign of the Bear, in Donegall townſhip, Lancaſter county, the 12th of this inſtant May, at night, a native Iriſh ſervant man, named ARTHUR DONELY, about 21 years of age, pock-marked, ſhort black curly hair, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high; has been accuſtomed to drive a carriage in Ireland; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a light coloured napped coat, made frock faſhion, and a ſnuff coloured jacket, with brown backs, likewiſe one ſtriped and flowered calicoe ditto, a pair of buckſkin breeches, 3 coarſe ſhirts, 1 fine ditto, grey ribbed ſtockings, and old ſhoes; went off with a ſervant man belonging to James Young, near Carliſle, named Alexander, of a pale complexion, and had on a brown coat, a convict. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, with reaſonable charges, paid by ABRAHAM HOLMES.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril. ¶

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE,

on the premiſes, the 15th day of June next,

A PLANTATION, late the eſtate of James Cloyd, deceaſed, ſituate in Eaſt Whiteland, in Cheſter county, about 24 miles from Philadelphia, containing 55 acres of excellent lime-ſtone land, not one half thereof cleared, of which about 4 acres are excellent watered meadow, and more may be made; there are on ſaid land a good ſtone houſe, 2 ſtories high, with 2 rooms below ſtairs, and 3 above, and 3 fire-places; a good log barn, &c. the Lancaſter road runs through the ſame, and cloſe to the door, which renders it very ſuitable for a tradeſman or ſtorekeeper; the whole is excellently watered, the Valley creek, and a fine large run, going through it, and a good ſpring at the houſe; the woodland well timbered. Attendance will be given at two o'clock in the afternoon of ſaid day, by RICHARD RICHISON, and JOHN JACOBS, junior, Executors. *May* 15, 1771. ¶

FOUND on the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Weſt Nantmell townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 10th of April laſt, a PEWTER BASON, of a middling ſize. The owner proving his property, and paying charges, may have it again, by applying to me WILLIAM DUNWOODIES. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION in Glouceſter county, Weſt New-Jerſey, lying on Salem road, about 15 miles from Glouceſter town, and one from Swedeſborough, containing about 130 acres, through which tract there is a never-failing ſtream of water, with a conſiderable quantity of ſwamp, which may be made good meadow; there is likewiſe on ſaid plantation an orchard of extraordinary fruit trees, with a dwelling-houſe, 2 ſtories high, of ſquare logs, and an extraordinary well of water cloſe to the door. There are about 30 acres cleared; likewiſe 6 acres of good tide meadow, lying on Raccoon Creek, banked in. Time will be given for the payment. For terms, apply to ELIAS BOYS, living in Newport, New-Caſtle county, or THOMAS DENNY, Eſq; near the premiſes.

N. B. Said plantation is well ſituate for any buſineſs, ſuch as ſhopkeeping, or for any tradeſman, as the main Salem road runs through it. *May* 17, 1771. ¶

CAME to the ſtable of MICHAEL HADDABACK, living on Cheſtnut-hill, Germantown townſhip, the 3d day of April laſt, a light brown COW, with a white ſpot in her face, a white tail, and a white ſpot on her back. The owner proving his property, and paying charges, may have her again. ¶

CAME to the ſubſcriber, in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, about the 27th of April laſt, a ſorrel HORSE, about 13 hands high, has a ſmall ſtar in his face, a natural trotter, 9 or 10 years old. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

§ JAMES MERCER.

JUST IMPORTED, and to be ſold by JAMES BRINGHURST,

In FRONT-STREET,

Choice GLOUCESTER CHEESE. §

WHEREAS the agreement made the 16th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1767, between RICHARD STEVENS, *and the Aſſignees of his eſtate, hath not yet been complied with on their part: Theſe are therefore to give notice to all his creditors whom it may concern, that he intends to apply to the general Aſſembly of New-Jerſey for relief in the premiſes, at their next meeting at Burlington, which commences the 27th day of this inſtant.* *Amboy, May* 11, 1771. ¶ 4W.

Land-Office, May 14, 1771.

THE Cauſes in the Land-Office, which were appointed to be heard on the laſt Monday of the preſent Month (May) are put off till the laſt Monday in Auguſt next, of which all perſons concerned are to take notice.

§ JAMES TILGHMAN, Secretary of the Land-Office.

To be LETT, till the Firſt of December next, or for the Summer Seaſon,

AN elegant COUNTRY SEAT, known by the Name of Mount-Pleaſant, ſituate on the River Schuylkill, about 5 miles from Philadelphia, with 40 Acres of Land belonging to it, including an Orchard, a Meadow, and a large Kitchen Garden, all in very good Order. It has belonging to it a Coach-Houſe, Stables and Barn, an excellent Spring-Houſe, and many other Conveniencies. Enquire of the PRINTERS hereof.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE,

On Tueſday, the 4th day of June next, on the premiſes,

A VALUABLE plantation or tract of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Northampton, in the county of Burlington, about 24 miles from Philadelphia, lying on the great road between Mount-holly and the new mills. The above tract of land contains 250 acres, 80 whereof are improved good meadow; the whole divided into ſmall lots, and in good cedar fence, 30 acres more may be made, all lying in one body; there are about 100 acres of upland cleared, and in good fence, bearing fine grain of all ſorts; there are on the above tract a good one ſtory dwelling-houſe, with 3 rooms on a floor, an extraordinary good barn, 36 feet wide, and 60 feet long, with two bearing orchards of good fruit, a pump of excellent good water at the door, the remainder of the land well timbered; the whole in good order, chiefly in cedar fence. Any perſon inclining to view the premiſes, may be ſhewn, by applying to JOHN WEST, living on the above place. Alſo will be ſold at the ſame time 150 acres of woodland, lying within half a mile of ſaid place, which will be very convenient for it; likewiſe 50 acres of cedar ſwamp, in ſmall lots. The vendue to begin at 10 o'clock on ſaid day, where the conditions will be made known, and attendance given, by

‡ WILLIAM WILLS.

Newport, May 6, 1771.

Colony of Rhode-Iſland, &c. IN purſuance of an order of the General Aſſembly, the creditors of MOSES M. HAYS, and MYER POLOCK, of Newport aforeſaid, Merchants, in company, are hereby notified to appear, if they ſhall think fit, at the ſeſſions of the ſaid General Aſſembly, to be holden at ſaid Newport, on the ſecond Monday in June next; then and there to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why their petition for the benefit of an act, paſſed, for the relief of inſolvent debtors, in June, Anno Domini 1756, ſhould not be granted.

† HENRY WARD, Secretary.

ONE HUNDRED and Twenty DOZEN of SICKLES, now preparing for the HARVEST, by JAMES HENDRICKS, Cutler, at the Sign of the Sickle, in Market-ſtreet, the fourth Door above the Priſon; theſe Sickles are carefully made, will be ſold at the loweſt rate, and enſured to be good. ‡ 6 W.

A LARGE Quantity of SCYTHES and SICKLES, prepared for the enſuing Harveſt, and to be ſold Wholeſale or retail by the Subſcriber, living in Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets. Alſo Iron Work for Griſt and Saw-mills, Clothier and Timber ſcrews, Smith's Bellows, and moſt Sorts of Smith's Work. *WILLIAM DAWSON.*

To be SOLD, or RENTED,

And may be entered on the firſt day of July next,

A VALUABLE plantation or tract of land, ſituate in Southampton townſhip, Bucks county, 18 miles and an half from Philadelphia, containing 140 acres, whereof 100 acres (perhaps) are cleared, 10 or 12 acres thereof good meadow, about half of which is watered; there are on the premiſes a valuable griſt and merchant mill, pleaſantly ſeated on the great road leading from Wright's-town to Philadelphia, with two pair of ſtones, and double geared; the whole very convenient, and in good order for buſineſs; the mill-houſe is of ſtone, 42 feet by 28.----Alſo a ſtone dwelling-houſe, barn and ſtables. It is a public ſituation, and would anſwer very well for a ſtore. For further particulars, enquire of John Hart, on the premiſes; or of the ſubſcriber, living in Warminſter, in the county of Bucks aforeſaid. JOSEPH HART. ‡

Bucks county, May 4, 1771.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 29th day of this inſtant May, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-houſe of Joſeph Pryor, in the townſhip of Solebury, a certain piece or parcel of land, ſituate in the townſhip aforeſaid, bounded by lands of Thomas Cary, Joſeph Pryor above-named, and others, containing 50 acres (be the ſame more or leſs) with the appurtenances; late the property of Joſeph Pryor above-mentioned, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff. ¶

FOR BARBADOS,

The SNOW
PRUDENT SALLY,
WITHERDEN BLACKBURN, Maſter,

Expected to ſail in about three Weeks, having a large Part of her Cargoe ready to go on board. She is an excellent Engliſh built Veſſel, well fitted, with good Accommodations for Paſſengers. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to JAMES and DRINKER, or to ſaid Maſter on board, at their Wharff.

For BELFAST,

The Brig POLLY,
DAVID M'CUTCHON, Maſter;

SHE is a ſtout Veſſel, has extraordinary Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail about the 10th of May, having two Thirds of her Cargoe ready to go on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to JOSEPH CARSON, in Second-ſtreet, or to ſaid Maſter on board the Brig, now lying at BICKLEY's Wharff, or at the London Coffee-Houſe.

N. B. Said CARSON has imported in ſaid Brig, a large Aſſortment of Yard wide Iriſh Linens, which he will ſell very low for Caſh or the uſual Credit. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

SUPPLEMENT to the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE. No. 2213.

A LIST of the NUMBERS that came up PRIZES in the NEW-CASTLE and CHRISTIANA-BRIDGE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH LOTTERY; the drawing of which began at *New-Caſtle* the 16th, and ended the 19th of *April*, 1771.

Note, *Thoſe Numbers that have no Sums oppoſite to them, are Prizes of* FORTY-FIVE SHILLINGS.

No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£
3		104		215		329		436	10	576		701		846		964		1043		1149		1249	5	1338		1455		1588		1702		1832		1935	
4	5	26		17	5	35		37		79		3		55	100	66		44		51		50		39		57	5	90		3		33		37	
9		29		22		38	5	41		85		4		57		67		48		58		58		40		60		91		4		35		41	
10	10	30	5	26		44		42		92		5		59		68		50		59		60	5	41		63		1602	100	6		36		46	
11		31		27	5	46		44		98		8		62		71		57		60		61		42		64		7		9		39		47	
23		32		34		49		46	5	605		12		64		73		60		66		62		45		67		8	25	15	5	40	5	52	
26	10	37		35		51	10	58		13		14	500	67		74		61		67		63		46		70		9		18		41		56	
28		39		39		57		73		19		23		68		76		62		69		65		48		71		13		19		43	25	59	50
31		42		41		58		78		27		27	5	73		78		65		70		66		51		75	5	14		20		44	5	61	
34		43		44		59	10	81		35		36		74		79		67		73		69		54		81		18		23	5	47		62	25
36		44		45		60		84		38		41		76		80		68		82	5	70		56		82		19		27		49		65	
37		45		46		61		85		40		52		77		82		69		84		71		58		85		21		33		53		70	
40		47		48		64		86		42		54		79		85		70		86		73		59		87		23		36		54		74	
41		50		49		65		88		44	5	63		80		86	50	71		92		80		63		88		27		40		56		75	
46		51		54		68		92		46		68		88		90		73		93		83		65		1504		30	5	45		59		81	
48		54		55	10	70		500		50		70		95		91	5	82		94		85		69		6		33		46		62		82	
51	10	56		58	25	71		4		51		72		96		92		87	5	98	5	90		77		9		34		50	5	64		86	
53		57		60		73		7		58		73	5	98		93		88	5	1200		91		80		12	5	36		58		65	10	89	
55		61		61	5	76	5	11		62		78		99	5	97		89		2	5	95		83		19		38		60		68		91	
60		62		64		77	5	12		65		81		905		98		94	10	3	5	96		88		21		39	10	61		70	5	92	
62	5	65		65		80	5	14		70		82	25	7		1000		95		7		1300		92	5	22		41		64		73		93	
65		79		66		81	25	18	5	71		83	5	10		1		97		9		7		1402	5	23		44		69		80		95	
66		82		69		83		19		72	25	89		16		2		1101		10	10	9		5		26		47		93	10	85		2000	
67		87		73		84		24		78		93		19		4		3		12	10	10		6		29		51		77		86			
69		88		74		87		25		79		94		20		6		4		15		13		12		30		57		82		89			
71	5	91		79		88	25	29		83	50	99		22		8		5		16		14		13		38		60		90		90			
74		92		82		91		30		84		805	10	23		10		6		22		16		14		44		61		93		95	10		
78		93		88		93		38		86		12		24		13	5	8		23		18		15		46		69	5	97		98			
82	5	95		90		97	5	39		87		13		28		14		9		26		19		17		47		72		98		1905			
83	5	96		98		409		43		88		14		31		20		17		29		21		18		48	50	74		1800		6			
86		97	10	99		12		45		89		16	50	33		28		29		31		22		20	5	56		76		4		7			
87		99		300		17		48		90		20		35		29		31	10	32		23		21		57	25	77		5	10	13	5		
88		201	10	4		19		57		91		21		39		32	5	32		33		24		25		62		83		10		14			
89		4		6		21		65		93		24		42	5	34	5	33		34		26		27		67		84		12		20			
93		5		9		22		69		96		30		44		35		37		36		29	10	31		73		89		19		27			
94		6		16		25		73	5	97		32		46		38		43		39		31		34		79		91		23		28			
100		10	5	18	5	32		74		98		33		48		39		44		41		32		40		85		92		24		33	5		
1	5	12		23		35		75		99		39	25	52		41		48		45		36		50		87		94	5	25		34			

No. 1461, First drawn, £ 14 10
No. 1313, Last drawn, £ 14 10

For a Prize of 500 *l.* receive - - - £ 425 0 0
100 - - - - - 85 0 0
50 - - - - - 42 10 0

For a Prize of 25 *l.* receive - - - £ 21 5 0
10 - - - - - 8 10 0

For a Prize of 5 *l.* receive - - - - £ 4 5 0
2 5 0 - - - - 1 18 3

I CERTIFY that the above is a juſt and true LIST of PRIZES, drawn in the *New-Caſtle* and *Chriſtiana-Bridge* PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH LOTTERY;
STEPHEN BAYARD, *Check Clerk.*
EXAMINED by THOMAS M'KEAN, and GEORGE READ, MANAGERS.

Kingſeſs, April 10, 1771.

WHEREAS a certain Duncan M'Sparran, ſome time laſt ſummer, left a couple of Horſe Colts, the one riſing 4 years, the other 3 years old, with me the ſubſcriber, and he not coming to take them away according to promiſe; theſe are therefore to notify the ſaid M'Sparran, or any other perſon, who may have a right by or under him to the ſaid colts, to come and prove their property, and pay the charges, before the 27th inſtant, or they will be ſold for the ſame on ſaid day, at the Sign of the Blue Bell in Kingſeſs aforeſaid, by me CHRISTOPHER ELLIOTT. ¶

Lately imported, and to be ſold, by
SAMUEL and *JOHN MORTON*,

IRISH Beef, in Barrels, and Tierces; a few Firkins of excellent Roſe Butter. They likewiſe have for Sale, ſome choice Cheſhire Cheeſe, and a general Aſſortment of 7-eights and Yard wide Iriſh Linens, Sheetings, and Dowlas. 3 *M.*

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, in the townſhip of Abington, about 11 miles from Philadelphia, containing 135 acres, about 100 of which is cleared, including 14 acres of good meadow, the reſt is woodland; the plow-land is divided into ſix fields, with the benefit of water in all of them, except one. On the ſaid plantation there is a good dwelling-houſe, ſpring-houſe, barn, cow-houſe, and ſtables, chair and cart-houſe, with a loft over it convenient for ſtoring Indian corn, and all in good repair; there are two orchards, one of which is young, planted with cherry, pear and apple trees, moſt of which are grafted with very good fruit, and in its prime. There is alſo a large kitchen garden, well incloſed with pales, beſides a genteel flower garden, and a well of water near the kitchen. The ſituation is very healthy; it is convenient either for a farmer or gentleman's country ſeat. The title is indiſputable. Whoever inclines to purchaſe, may apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes, and be informed of the terms.

†
THOMAS BOURNE.

RUN away, the 4th of this inſtant January, at night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Tredyffrin, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JOHN PATTERSON, *about 5 feet 5 inches high, ſandy hair, pale complexion, grey eyes; has lately had a large wound on the under ſide of his right hand, that is not yet entirely healed, which he carries in a ſling, the hand is wrapped in red flannel; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, a blanket coat, almoſt new, an old blue broadcloth coat, lappelled, leather breeches, blue woollen ſtockings, took with him a pair of white knit ribbed worſted ſtockings, a pair of calfſkin ſhoes, newly ſoaled and heel-tapped, a grey napped jacket, half worn, a black Barcelona handkerchief; he ſays he ſerved his time, when he came to the country, with one Widow Boggs, in Donegall, Lancaſter county, and ſeems to be well acquainted about Conegocheague, Shippen's-town, the Coves, and Juniata, and pretends to be a diſtiller. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* Doctor JOHN DAVIS. ¶ 6 w.

To be SOLD, at private SALE,

A LOT of ground, with a frame meſſuage thereon, and brick chimney in the ſame, done off in the beſt manner; the lot 48 feet front, and 102 feet back, being and lying in Kenſington, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, ſituate on Shackamaxon-ſtreet, 90 feet from Queen-ſtreet, joining lands of Caſper Cragaler, and Thomas Say. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may know the terms, by applying to ROBERT STACKHOUSE, living between Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets, and between Arch and Market-ſtreets. ¶.

To be LETT, and entered upon immediately,

THAT well known premiſes, lying in Penn's Neck, in the county of Salem, near Oldman's Creek upper Bridge, where Taylor and Gardiner keep ſtore, with the houſes, ſhop and ſeveral out-houſes, and five acres of land, and a public landing, lying upon the ſaid premiſes; where ſhallops and wood-boats conſtantly frequent to load with ſtaves, wood, and other lumber. For further particulars, enquire of ¶
EZEKIEL WRIGHT, near the premiſes.

Third Month 5, 1771.

ALL thoſe who have any demands againſt the eſtate of WILLIAM HUDSON, late of the Northern Liberties, Cordwainer, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts, to be adjuſted and paid: And thoſe that are indebted, to come and diſcharge the ſame. CHARLES WEST, Executor.

JOHN ORD, CONVEYANCER,

Who keeps his OFFICE at his HOUSE, in FRONT-STREET, between MARKET and CHESTNUT-STREETS,

TAKES this Method to acquaint the PUBLIC, that he was regularly inſtructed in the Conveyancing Buſineſs, under that eminent Conveyancer Charles Brockden, Eſq; deceaſed, and that he is well acquainted with the moſt of the Titles of this Province; for, at the Time he lived with Mr. Brockden, he, ſaid Brockden, was Clerk to the Loan-office; therefore all the Title Deeds were examined by him, and Briefs made out for the Peruſal of thoſe celebrated Counſellors Andrew Hamilton and John Kinſey, Eſquires, whoſe Opinions he has upon divers curious Drafts and Wills, during his Continuance with him. He has alſo the rough Drafts and Papers belonging to the late Mr. John Reily, whoſe Knowledge and Abilities, as a Conveyancer, are well known in this Province, together with the Opinions of the ableſt Counſel on divers of them, during his Practice. Said ORD followed this Buſineſs ſome Years ago with a good Deal of Credit and Reputation, but his other Buſineſs interfering, he was obliged to drop it; he is now determined to follow it with the cloſeſt Application, and hopes that, from his own long Experience, and the aforeſaid Aſſiſtances, he will give general Satisfaction to all thoſe, that will be pleaſed to employ him; they may depend not only upon having their Buſineſs done authentically, and with the greateſt Care, Diſpatch and Secrecy, but alſo having it well written, which is a great Ornament to a Deed, or any Inſtrument of Writing. Thoſe, who pleaſe to favour him in placing out their Money at Intereſt, may be aſſured, that he will procure them undoubted Security, by Mortgage, or otherwiſe. Said ORD, upon Application, will, with Accuracy, peruſe and examine Titles to Lands, &c. and inform the Poſſeſſor or Owner of the Deeds, relating to ſuch Lands, of any Defect in their Titles; alſo what will be needful to ſupply or remedy ſuch Defect. Tbc. 3 M. ¶ 10s.

To be SOLD, or exchanged for improved LAND in Pennſylvania, within 20 or 30 miles of Philadelphia, or an intereſt in ſaid city, of equal value,

A TRACT of unimproved land, ſituate in the townſhip of Nottingham, Burlington county, Weſt New-Jerſey, about 4 miles from the Falls Landing (on Delaware) and near the ſame diſtance from Trenton, containing about 300 acres of good land, above 100 acres of ſaid tract may be made good meadow, it being well watered, and has plenty of good timber thereon. If ſold, the payment will be made eaſy to the purchaſer. The title is indiſputable. For further particulars, enquire of ANDREW EDGE, in Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, and oppoſite to Richard Hockley, Eſquire.

N. B. Said EDGE has a quantity of very good bohea tea, nd a variety of dry goods, to diſpoſe of, very cheap for caſh. ¶ 7/6 Tbctf.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away about the 1ſt of March, 1771, from the ſubſcriber, living in Chriſtiana Hundred, New-Caſtle county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named John Shehan, *about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, dark ſtreight brown hair, cut on the top of his head, has a ſharp noſe, a wide mouth, grey eyes, a ſmall beard, freſh coloured, walks very ſtately, talks a little on the Iriſh accent; had on, and took with him, a light coloured homeſpun cloth ſurtout, with mohair buttons, with a red and white cotton jacket and a grey cloth ditto, without ſleeves, and horn buttons, 2 homeſpun linen ſhirts, half-worn buckſkin breeches, 1 pair blue worſted ſtockings, 1 pair grey ribbed yarn ditto, a half-worn beaver hat, a black handkerchief, good new ſhoes, with ſteel buckles, and had with him a China faced watch; he is very apt to ſwap away his clothes, and perhaps may change them; he is much given to ſtrong liquor, had no money with him, but perhaps he may ſell his watch. Whoever takes up and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* WILLIAM CLENEAY. ¶

RUN away laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, a native Iriſh ſervant girl, named Margaret Welſh, *about 23 years of age, 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, freſh complexion, dark brown hair, large noſe, and much addicted to ſwearing and lying; had on, and took with her, 1 ſtriped linſey petticoat, 1 worſted and wool ditto, 1 blue ſhaloon, and 1 calicoe ditto, worſted and wool ſhort gown, 2 ſhifts, 1 fine, the other coarſe, 1 brown mantua bonnet, with white lining, ribbon and ſtrings, blue yarn ſtockings, with red clocks, new pumps, with ſteel buckles, and other things not known. She will be apt to change her name. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as ſhe may be had again, ſhall have* Three Dollars *reward, paid by me*
March 21, 1771. SARAH HOPKINS. ¶

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away yeſterday, from the ſubſcriber, of Darby townſhip, Cheſter county, an Engliſh ſervant man, named THOMAS WARD, about 33 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, pretty well ſet, round ſhouldered, marked with the ſmall-pox, and has dark hair; he is very talkative, ſays he underſtands the trades of a maſon and bricklayer, and ſtone-cutter; he took with him a trowel and two razors; had on a felt hat, blue broadcloth coat, pretty much worn, a ſhort linen jacket, a white ſhirt, buckſkin breeches, brown yarn ſtockings, an old pair of calf-ſkin ſhoes, with metal buckles. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, from NATHAN GARRETT. §

Baltimore-Town, March 23, 1771.

IMPORTED in the Ship JOHNSON, Captain Thomas Wilſon, from LIVERPOOL,

A LARGE and general Aſſortment of Spring GOODS; alſo Earthen Ware, Glaſs, Cheeſe, refined Sugars, &c. which are to be ſold Wholeſale and Retail, by
ASHBURNER and PLACE.

The *Johnſon* is a fine ſtout Ship, can carry about 3000 Barrels of Flour, mounts Ten Guns, Nine and Six Pounders, and wants a Freight for any Part of Europe, except Spain. For Terms, apply to ſaid *Aſhburner* and *Place*. ¶ 4 W.

April 16, 1771.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE tract of 735 acres of land, on a branch of North-East River, in Cæcil County, Maryland, on which there is a frame dwelling-houſe, kitchen, barn, ſtables, ſpring-houſe, an over-ſhot griſt-mill, with 5 feet head, the mill-houſe is built with ſtone, 45 feet by 35 feet; there are two pair of ſtones, one Cologne, the other country, with boulting and hoiſting gears that go by water; the mill race and dam may be kept up at a ſmall expence; and a ſaw-mill may be erected adjoining the griſt-mill, at a ſmall charge, as the one race and dam will ſerve them both. The mill is well ſituated for a conſtant ſupply of wheat, being within one mile and a half of a landing on North-East River; where wheat may be brought to from both ſides of Cheſapeak Bay, with the ſame eaſe in point of navigation, as to the Head of Elk. This ſituation hath the chance of two markets, viz. Philadelphia and Baltimore-Town; it is diſtant 17 miles from Chriſtiana Bridge. Of this tract 170 acres are cleared, 30 whereof are good meadow, and as much more may be made, and the greateſt part of the whole conveniently watered, the woodland well timbered, and it joins a large quantity of woodland belonging to the North-East Forge, that makes a great out-let for ſtock; there is on ſaid plantation a large body of yellow oker, a ſpecies of paint, that upon trial has been found to equal any imported from England, and will be very valuable to the owner. The purchaſer, upon paying down part of the conſideration money, may have reaſonable time allowed him for paying the remainder, with intereſt. The title to ſaid land is indiſputably good. For terms of ſale, apply to JOHN READ, at Chriſtiana Bridge, or ANDREW READ, on the premiſes. ¶ 3 M.

TO BE SOLD,

THE time of a likely healthy ſervant girl, fit for town or country buſineſs, has about 3 years and a half to ſerve. She is ſold for no fault, but the want of employment, as her maſter and miſtreſs intend to quit this province. Enquire of the Printers. ¶

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by JOHN DUNLAP, *at the Newest Printing-Office, the South Side of the Jersey Market, and three Doors below Second-street, Philadelphia,*

THE LADIES FRIEND; being a Treatise on the Virtues and Qualifications which are the brightest Ornaments of the FAIR SEX, and render them most agreeable to the sensible Part of Mankind. Translated from the French of Monsieur de GRAVINES. To which is annexed, REAL BEAUTY; or, THE ART of CHARMING. By an INGENIOUS POET.

This day is published, and to be sold by
JOHN SPARHAWK,
At the London Book-store, and Unicorn and Mortar, in Second-street, four doors below the Friends Meeting,

A NEAT edition of TISSOT's Advice to the People respecting their Health, in octavo. Price bound Ten Shillings. The London edition is sold for Fifteen Shillings.

To be had at the same place, Burn's Justice, Blackstone's Commentaries, and a general assortment of Books.------Drugs and Medicines of all kinds, as usual. *March* 4, 1771.

RUN away from the subscriber, on the 26th day of November, 1770, a young Negroe man, called Spencer, *about 24 years of age, supposed to have altered his name to that of* Harman Blake; *had on when he went away, and carried with him, two tow linen shirts, one pair of tow trowsers, one old linsey-woolsey jacket, one old superfine broadcloth ditto, cloth coloured, one pair of thread stockings, a pair of new pumps, and a half-worn felt hat. Whoever takes up the said fellow, and secures him in any goal, and sends the subscriber word, shall have* Three Pounds *reward, paid by* WILLIAM HOLLAND, *on the south side of Indian River.*

N. B. The above said Negroe is a middling tall fellow, somewhat of a yellowish complexion, full eyed, out mouthed, and plays on the violin. March 26, 1771. ‖ 3 M.

General Post-Office, New-York, January 22, 1771.

HIS MAJESTY's POST-MASTER GENERAL having (for the better facilitating of Correspondence between Great-Britain and America) been pleased to add a Fifth PACKET-BOAT to the Station, between Falmouth and New-York; NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the MAIL, for the future, will be closed at the Post-Office in New-York, at Twelve o'Clock at Night, on the FIRST TUESDAY in every Month, and dispatched by a Packet the next Day for Falmouth. *By Command of the Deputy Post-Master General,*
ALEXANDER COLDEN, *Secretary.*

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

(Purchased by Doctor BOUCHELL, as he runs)

A PALE Mulattoe man (a slave for life) named JOE, but now passes by the name of PRINCE ORANGE, and often changes his name; was seen in April last, at Blackford Town, and worked near that place for some weeks; was born at Cambridge, in Dorchester county, and sold in Kent, on Delaware; he is a tall, slender, boney fellow, about 30 years old, very talkative when in drink, can read a little, and pretends to be a seaman, has a small stoop in his shoulders, thin face, high nose, a little pitted with the small-pox, is a drunkard, swearer, and liar; had on a whitish brown country cloth jacket, and a red under jacket. Whoever delivers the said fellow at Mr. WITHERSPOON's, in New-Castle county, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by
January 1, 1771. SLUYTER BOUCHELL. ‖ 3m.

To be SOLD, or RENTED,
And may be entered on in April next,

A PLANTATION, in West-Caln township, Chester county, containing about 230 acres, 40 miles from Philadelphia, on a public great road leading from Wilmington to Lancaster. There is lately erected thereon a two story stone dwelling-house, well finished, it is a good place for keeping a store, having been used for such lately. For terms apply to JOSEPH DEAN, in Front-street, Philadelphia, between Market and Chestnut-streets. *Tbc.* 6 W.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT of about eighty acres of LAND, about 11 miles from Philadelphia, whereon there are a grist and merchant mills, and cooper's shop adjoining, all of stone; the mill is in good repair, on a good stream of water, known by the name of Pennypack, a good dwelling-house, a barn and stables, and good bearing orchard. There are about fifty acres cleared, about five of good meadow, and more may be made. The tillable land extraordinary good rich land for wheat, and the wood land well timbered. The payments will be made easy, and the terms of sale known by JOSEPH WALKER, on the premises, or JOHN BRADSHAW. ¶ 8 w.

N. B. The mills will be sold, with about 15 or 20 acres of land, as may best suit the purchaser.

March 22, 1771.

THE Managers of the House of Employment having prepared a piece of ground, belonging thereto, suitable for a bleach yard, and provided utensils necessary for the bleaching and finishing of linen in a compleat manner, and on the lowest conditions: Those persons desirous of having their linen bleached, during the proper season, may apply to JOHN CUMMINGS, Steward, at the house, whose care and fidelity in the management thereof can be depended on. The benefits arising from the bleaching business are to be appropriated to the support and maintainance of the poor in the said house-----a consideration, it is hoped, sufficient to induce the public to give it their generous encouragement. 2 M.

March 18, 1771.

WHEREAS several of the late Officers of the PENNSYLVANIA REGIMENT did not attend at a meeting, appointed to be held at Philadelphia, the 4th of this instant, for obtaining patents for certain tracts of lands granted them by the Honourable Proprietaries, those who did, were obliged to leave the business unfinished, with considerable loss and disappointment, wholly owing to the absence of the others.

These are therefore to apprize all concerned, that they are once more desired to attend at *Josiah F. Davenport's*, in Third-street, Philadelphia, on Monday, the 3d day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in order to pay for their respective allotments, that being the day last agreed on for the final settlement.

Should any one be so forgetful of his interest, as to neglect this last notice, he may assure himself that his name will be struck out of the list, and the land be divided among those, who shall advance the whole money, agreeable to the terms of the grant. TURBUTT FRANCIS, Lieutenant-Colonel, JAMES IRVINE, and WILLIAM PLUNKETT, Commissioners.

N. B. Those gentlemen, who cannot attend at this meeting, may appoint agents to act for them. §

February 28, 1771.

TO BE LETT,

A VALUABLE plantation, in the Borough of Wilmington, and county of New-Castle, with a quantity of drained meadow belonging to the same, with dwelling-house, barn, stable, orchard, &c. under a lease for six years from the 25th instant. Likewise two brick houses in Market-street in the aforesaid Borough; and two lots of drained meadow on Brandywine Creek, and one lot ditto near Christiana Ferry.---Also to be sold, a large water lot in the Borough. For terms, apply to JAMES BROOM, living in said Borough. ¶

Fine FLORENCE OIL,

By the Jar or smaller Quantity, to be SOLD by
JOHN DAY, and COMPANY,
In Second-street, between Market and Chestnut-streets, Philadelphia. §

WHEREAS I, the subscriber, some time in the month of February, 1770, gave a bond to a certain EVAN THOMAS, of New-Castle County, for One Hundred Pounds, conditioned for the payment of the sum of Fifty Pounds, for which I have received no consideration. These are therefore to forewarn all persons from taking an assignment of said bond; as I am determined not to pay it, unless compelled by law. ‖ *March* 20, 1771. ANDREW RICHIE.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 29th day of May inst. at the dwelling-house of Anne Risley, Innkeeper, in the township of Great Egg-harbour, will be sold by public vendue, without any farther adjournment, A very valuable plantation and tract of land, containing 530 acres, situate on the sea shore, in the township aforesaid, on which are a good framed dwelling-house, barn, orchard and other improvements, about 60 acres of upland cleared, upwards of 60 acres of mowable marsh, besides a large quantity of marsh fit for pasture; the whole is in excellent good order, and is esteemed as good a plantation as any in the township. Also five acres of cedar swamp, near the premises. A good title will be made for the same to the purchaser, such as shall be approved of by the ablest counsel in the province. And as the said lands will surely be sold on that day, any person inclining to purchase is desired to view the premises before the day of sale, and may be informed of the title, by applying to James Kinsey, Esq; in Burlington. The whole being late the estate of Joseph Adams, deceased; seized in execution, at the suit of William Allen, Esq; and to be sold by SAMUEL BLACKWOOD, late Sheriff.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE,

On FRIDAY, the 31st instant, at the London Coffee-House, if not before disposed of by private sale,

A LOT of GROUND, situated on the north side of Walnut-street, between Second-street and Walnut-street Bridge, containing in front 74 feet 10 inches, or thereabouts, and in depth 51 feet, or thereabouts; there are on the said lot, a two story brick house and kitchen, of 26 feet and 1 inch in front, and three two story framed messuages, of 18 feet, 15 feet 6 inches, and 15 feet 3 inches in front, and two stories high. The above lot will be sold entire, or divided according to the fronts of the several houses. One third of the purchase money to be paid at signing the deeds; for the remainder good security, with interest, will be required by the subscriber, who has several lots on Walnut, Third, and Front-streets, to lett upon groundrent. SAMUEL POWEL.

Easton, May 6, 1771.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday, the 8th day of June next, at the house of Jacob Stroud, in Lower Smithfield township, Northampton county, a certain plantation and tract of land, situate in the said township, adjoining the lands of the said Jacob Stroud, Garret Brodhead and others, and containing about 150 acres, whereon are a two story dwelling house, good stables, and other necessary out-houses; late the property of John Smith, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff. §

TO BE SOLD,

A PARCEL of good MARSH, containing about 21 acres, situate on the north side, and near the mouth of Pensocken creek, in Burlington county, New-Jersey, adjoining meadow of Joseph Morgan, and 5 miles from Cooper's ferry.----It is already banked on one side, and wants very little to put it in good order, greatest part of it having been formerly cleared.----Apply to LAMBERT CADWALADER, in Philadelphia, or PHILEMON DICKINSON, near Trenton. *May* 6. 4 w.

FOR CORK,
The BRIGANTINE
GLOBE,
JAMES GARRIGUES,
MASTER;

A Strong Vessel, nearly new, has good Accommodations for Passengers, and expected to sail in about 10 Days. For Freight or Passage, apply to
CHARLES PEMBERTON.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 31st day of May, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain messuage or tenement, and three tracts of land, situate in Passyunk township, one of them, whereon the said messuage stands, containing by computation 25 acres and 103 perches; one other of the said tracts, containing about 8 acres, and the other of them containing 10 acres and 66 perches, or thereabouts; bounded by Schuylkill Bank, and lands late of Theodorus Lord, Peter Cox, and others.

Also a certain piece or parcel of meadow ground in Passyunk aforesaid, containing 7 acres and 3 quarters, or thereabouts; bounded by lands of Joseph Penrose and Henry Elves.

And likewise a certain other tract or parcel of land, situate in Passyunk township aforesaid, containing about 10 acres; bounded by lands late of Theodorus Lord, Peter Cox, and others; late the estate of Andrew Yorke and Eleanor his wife, seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Cæcil county, Maryland, the 18th of December, 1770, an Irish servant man, named JOHN CROWLEY, born in Cork; he is a check weaver by trade, and can weave linen, but is not perfect in that business; is about 33 years of age, 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, a little pitted with the small-pox, something bald on the forehead, and is remarkably grey haired for a person of that age, is a well set fellow; had on a broadcloth coat, a jacket of a light colour, above half worn, a new country cloth ditto, country cloth breeches, have been seated, light coloured yarn stockings, two pair of shoes, one pair new, a half worn wool hat, bound about the edges; likely he will sell some of his clothes, as he has no money, and no doubt change his name. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, paid by me SAMUEL MILLER. ‖ 3 *M.*

RUN away from the subscriber, living at Billingsport, in Greenwich township, Gloucester county, a servant man named GEORGE GARNER, this country born, 21 years of age, about 5 feet 7 inches high, a well set fellow, and has dark brown hair; had on, and took with him, a new cloth-coloured ratteen coat and jacket, with broad metal buttons, a red jacket, old leather breeches, thick coarse shirts, yarn stockings, new pumps, and a pair of old shoes, a half-worn felt hat, and a leather apron. He went away with an ordinary young woman, named Rachel Scott, also this country born, and it is supposed they will pass for man and wife; she is a lusty strony hussey, and is apt to be light fingered. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by BENJAMIN LODGE. ¶

RUN away, on the 26th of April last, from the subscriber, living in Middletown, Bucks county, an Irish servant man, named EDWARD FARL, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, about 24 years of age, has long black hair, generally wears it tied behind; had on, and took with him, a dark coloured cloth coat, a striped linsey waistcoat, a light coloured cloth ditto, one fine shirt, and one coarse ditto, old leather breeches, coarse yarn stockings, half-worn shoes, with brass buckles, and a felt hat; he is a gallows-looking lying drunken fellow. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Six Dollars reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ¶ DANIEL LAREW, junior. ¶

All masters of vessels are forbid taking him off at their peril.

NINE DOLLARS Reward,

RUN away, the 2d of this instant May, at night, from the subscribers, living in East-Caln township, Chester county, three Irish servant men, viz. JOHN COLLINS, about 25 years of age, about 5 feet 9 inches high, a thick well set fellow, dark complexion, has a large brown spot like a mole on the left side of his nose; had on, when he went away, an old short white flannel jacket, a blue one under it, a pair of white tow trowsers, a pair of new blue and white yarn stockings, old shoes, and old felt hat. DANIEL COLLINS, about 22 years of age, about 5 feet 7 inches high, has short dark-black hair, dark complexion, down look; had on, and took with him, a blue coat, striped jacket, one white thick cloth ditto, with sleeves, blue breeches, blue stockings, good new shoes, with one brass and one Pinchbeck buckles, and an old castor hat. The other, named JOHN MALONY, about 23 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, a raw-boned thin visaged fellow, short brown hair; had on, and took with him, a white coat, a blue jacket, made sailor fashion, a striped ditto, old blue plush breeches, white yarn stockings, old shoes, half soaled, and an old felt hat. They all speak with the brogue. Whoever secures said servants, so that their masters may have them again, shall have the above reward, or Three Dollars for each, and reasonable charges, paid by us, JAMES CLARK, LODOWICK LIGGET. ¶ 7/6.

On Saturday, the 15th Day of June next, will be exposed to public Sale, at the House of Mr. John Little, near the Market-house, Baltimore-Town, at Three o' Clock in the Afternoon,

THE *following Tracts and Parcels of* LAND, *situate in Baltimore County, and from six to fifteen Miles Distance from Baltimore-Town, on the great Roads to York and Frederick-Towns, conveniently situated for Church, Meeting, Mill and Market, and all good Lands, fit for Farming; such Tracts as have Tenants will be parcelled out, that the Tenants may have an Opportunity of purchasing. To be sold for Sterling Cash, Bills of Credit, at the then Current Exchange, or in good Bills, payable in London. North-Carolina, containing and laid out for* 945 *Acres; Jones's Farm, adjacent thereto,* 50; *Carolina Felix,* 646; *Batchelor's Choice, thereunto adjacent,* 100; *Drunkard's Hall,* 308 *and a Half; Part of Spicer's Inheritance, within one Mile of Baltimore-Town, having some Improvements thereon,* 77; *Stuartsylvania, on the River Patapsco, opposite to Fell's-point, which is adjoining to Baltimore-Town, and contains* 24; *Point Look-out, near to Stuartsylvania, and opposite to Fell's-point,* 12. *These Lands were the Property of Mr.* James Richards, *and by him conveyed to me in Trust for the Use of himself and Creditors; the Lands may be viewed, and the Title examined, on applying to* DANIEL CHAMIER.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber's stable, near Port Penn, St. George's Hundred, New-Castle county, upon Delaware, on First-day night, the 28th of April last, a brown or dark bay Gelding, 14 or 14 and a half hands high, switch short blackish mane and tail, paces and trots light and easy, is shod before, and his legs wind-galled, carries well, and is in good order, a good full eye, thin headed, and rather mare faced, is of the country breed, raised towards New-England, is good spirited, light built, high boned, and rises well on his withers. Whoever takes up the said horse, and brings him to the subscriber, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, if taken in the county, if out of the county reasonable expences; and as it is suspected that he is stolen, whoever takes up the said horse, and the person that stole him, so that he may be brought to justice, shall have the above reward, paid by WILLIAM HALL. ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Kent county, Maryland, on the 29th of April last, a servant man, named PHILIP GRIFFIS, born in Wales, a straight well shaped man, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a fair complexion, and wears his own hair; had on, when he went away, a small brimmed English hat, a deep blue German serge jacket, a little mixt with white, the sleeves of the same colour, but of another kind of cloth, a country linen ditto, lappelled, half-worn broadcloth breeches, of a light colour, one fine shirt, one coarse ditto, the rest of his clothes uncertain. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and if brought home reasonable charges, paid by me ‡ ANDREW HICKMAN.

CAME to RICHARD RENSHAW's, at Greenwich-point-ferry, opposite Gloucester, about 3 weeks ago, a large white COW, 3 notches cut in her off ear, and with her a black yearling HEIFER, white belly, the end of her tail white, and white feet; also a black long tailed mare COLT, a small white blaze down her face, her near fore foot and off hind foot white. The owners are desired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away. ¶

Burlington county, New-Jersey, April 30, 1771.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away on the 27th instant, a Dutch servant lad, named JOHN MERK, about 19 years of age, wears his own straight dark-coloured hair, is about 5 feet 5 inches high, speaks bad English; had on, when he went away, a good felt hat, homespun yellowish jacket, and a homespun striped ditto under it, a coarse check shirt, homespun trowsers, yarn stockings, and half-worn shoes, with nails in them; he is remarkably bow-legged; took with him two pair of homespun trowsers, and two good shirts. His father lives near Lancaster or Berks, and it is supposed he is gone that way. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that the owner may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by MARY BLACK, or JONATHAN BARTON, or BENJAMIN DAVIDS, at the Sign of the George, in Philadelphia. ¶

Philadelphia, May 1, 1771.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, from the subscriber, in this place, a servant man, belonging to Thomas Ludlam, of Cape-May, named WILLIAM POWELL, *born in this country, and about* 30 *years old; he is* 5 *feet* 4 *inches high, of a thin visage, tawny complexion, and much given to strong drink; had on, when he went away, a cap, coarse shirt, and an old brown jacket, much patched; but as he took with him* £ 9: 18: 8 *of his master's money, it is expected he will change his apparel. He also took with him an indenture, by which Thomas Harrison was indented to Andrew Armstrong, in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania; he is well acquainted with this town, and was a soldier in the last war in the Jersey regiment. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by*

¶ *THOMAS LUDLAM.*